## Wet-jet milling exfoliated hexagonal boron nitride for anticorrosive coating

## Nicole De Giorgi<sup>1\*</sup>

Miguel Angel Molina-Garcia<sup>1</sup>, Sebastiano Bellani<sup>1</sup>, Antonio Esau del Rio Castillo<sup>1</sup>, Irene Conticello<sup>1</sup>, Luca Gabatel<sup>1,2</sup>, Marilena Isabella Zappia<sup>1</sup>, Matilde Eredia<sup>1</sup>, Sanjay Thorat<sup>1</sup>, Beatriz Martin-Garcia<sup>3</sup>, Luca Ceseracciu<sup>4</sup>, Marco Piccini<sup>5,6</sup>, and Francesco Bonaccorso,<sup>1,5</sup>

<sup>1</sup> BeDimensional S.p.A., Via Lungotorrente Secca 30R, Genova, 16163, Italy

<sup>2</sup> Department of Mechanical Engineering–DIME, University of Genoa, 16145 Genova, Italy

<sup>3</sup> CIC nanoGUNE, Tolosa Hiribidea, 76, Donostia-San Sebastian, 20018, Spain

<sup>4</sup> Materials Characterization Facility, Istituto Italiano di Tecnologia, Via Morego, 30, Genova, 16163, Italy

<sup>5</sup> Istituto Italiano di Tecnologia, Graphene Labs, Via Morego 30, Genova, 16163, Italy

<sup>6</sup> Dipartimento di Chimica e Chimica Industriale, Università degli Studi di Genova, via Dodecaneso 31,

16146 Genoa, Italy.

n.degiorgi@bedimensional.it

Corrosion of metals poses significant challenges to the durability and longevity of various metallic substrates in industrial applications.[1] To mitigate this issue, researchers are focusing on the development of advanced protective coatings with enhanced anticorrosion properties. Amongst the emerging strategies, the integration of two-dimensional (2D) materials has gained significant attention due to their physicochemical properties.[2]

In this work, wet-jet milling (WJM) exfoliation [3] was used to produce few-layer hexagonal boron nitride (*h*-BN) flakes [4] as a corrosion-protection pigment in polyisobutylene (PIB)-based composite coatings for marine applications.[5] This study highlights the benefit obtained by the incorporation of *h*-BN, yielding a corrosion rate of the protected structural steel as low as  $7.4 \times 10^{-6}$  mm year<sup>-1</sup>. The 2D morphology and hydrophobicity of the *h*-BN flakes, together with the capability of PIB to act as a physical barrier against corrosive species, are the main reasons behind the excellent anticorrosion performance of the as-designed composite coating.

## References

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## Figures

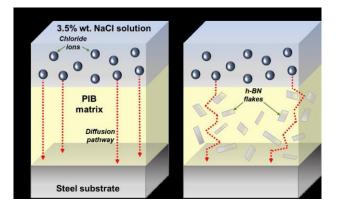


Figure 1: Schematic diagrams of diffusion pathways through a) pristine PIB and b) *h*-BN/PIB coatings.

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