

# Polarization resolved THz photovoltage response in BSCCO-2212 thin flakes

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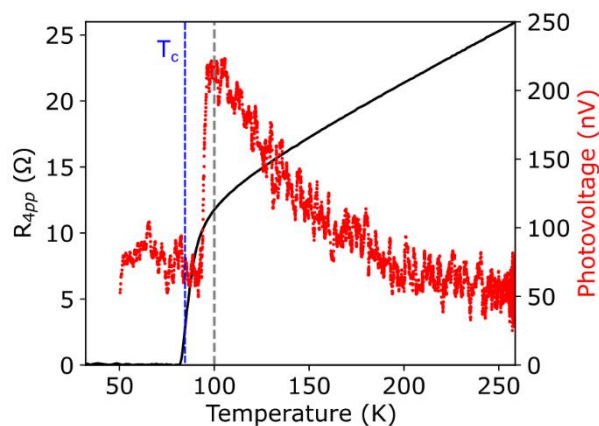
## Abstract

Polarization-resolved photogalvanic effects provide a direct tensorial probe of broken symmetries in quantum materials [1]. In the high- $T_c$  cuprate BSCCO-2212, mid-IR studies have reported the onset of linear and circular photogalvanic responses below  $T^*$ , indicating inversion symmetry breaking at the transition into the pseudogap state [2]. This mid-IR response, however, vanished below the transition temperature to the superconducting state. In this study, we measure the polarization-dependent photoresponse of Bi2212 thin flakes in the THz regime and find a photovoltage response that does not disappear below  $T_c$ . This photovoltage response shows a strong polarization dependence in the superconducting state, whose characteristic axis differs from that found above  $T_c$ . These findings suggest that polarization-resolved THz photoresponses can offer new insights into symmetry breaking phenomena in the superconducting state of high  $T_c$  superconductors.

## References

- [1] R. Krishna Kumar et al, Nat. Materials, **24** (2025), 1034-1041
- [2] S. Lim et al, Phys. Rev. B, **105** (2022) 155103

## Figures



**Figure 1:** Evolution of four probe resistance ( $R_{4pp}$ , black solid line) and THz photovoltage (red points) as a function of temperature. Blue dashed line indicates the critical temperature extracted from  $R_{4pp}$ . Gray dashed line indicates the maximum of the photovoltage.