## Electrically tunable Josephson parametric amplifier based on graphene Josephson junctions

## Pranjal Kapoor<sup>1</sup>

Simon Messelot<sup>1</sup>, Nicolas Aparicio<sup>1</sup>, Eric Eyraud<sup>1</sup>, Kenji Watanabe<sup>2</sup>, Takashi Taniguchi<sup>3</sup>, Julien Renard<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Université Grenoble Alpes, CNRS, Grenoble INP, Institut Néel, Grenoble, France

<sup>2</sup>Research Center for Functional Materials, National Institute for Materials Science, 1-1 Namiki, Tsukuba 305-0044, Japan

<sup>3</sup>International Center for Materials Nanoarchitectonics, National Institute for Materials Science, 1-1 Namiki, Tsukuba 305-0044, Japan

pranjal.kapoor@neel.cnrs.fr

Parametric amplifiers are crucial components in the field of superconducting quantum circuits. They are essential to readout of qubits with the best fidelity thanks to their quantum limited noise and can produce non classical states of light. There have been developments in recent years to use a semiconductor weak link as electrically tunable source an nonlinearity, serving as the building block for these amplifiers [1,2,3,4]. Here, we use a graphene Josephson junction as the semiconductor weak link to demonstrate a tunable Josephson parametric amplifier. Our previous work exhibited such devices operating in the 4 wave mixing regime with a gain of 20dB and about 1 GHz of frequency tunability with a gate We present our efforts voltage. developing a parametric amplifier with graphene Josephson junction working in the three wave mixing regime. We also

discuss the squeezing properties of the amplifier.

## References

- [1] Butseraen, G., Ranadive, A., Aparicio,N. et al. Nature Nanotechnology, 17(2022) 1153–1158
- [2] Sarkar, J., Salunkhe, K.V., Mandal, S. et al. Nature Nanotechnology, 17 (2022) 1147–1152
- [3] Phan, D., Falthansl-Scheinecker, P., Mishra, U. et al. Phys. Rev. Applied, 19 (2023) 064032
- [4] Hao, Z., Shaw, T., Hatefipour, M., et al. Appl. Phys. Lett., 124 (2024) 254003