Circularly Polarized Driving and Commensurate Pulses for Fast Single-Qubit Gates with Fluxonium

David A. Rower^{1,3*}

Leon Ding^{1,3*}, Helin Zhang¹, Max Hays¹, Ilan T. Rosen¹, Junyoung An^{1,2}, Bethany M. Niedzielski⁴, Mollie E. Schwartz⁴, Jonilyn L. Yoder⁴, Kyle Serniak⁴, Jeffrey A. Grover¹, William D. Oliver^{1,2,3}

¹Research Laboratory of Electronics, MIT
²Dept. of Electrical Eng. & Computer Science, MIT
³Department of Physics, MIT
⁴MIT Lincoln Laboratory

rower@mit.edu *These authors contributed equally.

This work focuses on achieving fast, high-fidelity single-qubit gates. To this end, we introduce two complementary protocols and experimentally demonstrate them with a fluxonium qubit. The first protocol utilizes simultaneous charge and flux drives with a relative phase, enabling arbitrarily polarized qubit drive fields. We demonstrate drive polarization tunability and use a circularlypolarized drive field to avoid counter-rotating effects often neglected in the rotating-wave approximation for Rabi-based gates. The second protocol involves commensurate pulses, where pulse durations match the qubit Larmor precession, reducing coherent errors from nonuniform waveform shapes. Implementing both protocols, we demonstrate state-of-the-art single-gubit gates with fidelities exceeding 0.99997 measured with Clifford randomized benchmarking. Our results offer straightforward methods for increasing gate performance, and are broadly applicable to the fast control of quantum systems in the rotating frame.

References

[1] D. A. Rower*, L. Ding*, (In Preparation), 2024

Figures



Figure 1: (a) Fluxonium qubit. (b) Bloch sphere picture of the qubit Larmor precession and a linear drive, and co/counter-rotating drives. (c) Circuit schematic showing simultaneous charge and flux drives applied with a relative phase, enabling the generation of arbitrarily-polarized drive fields.



