

DEVELOPMENT OF MAGNETIC NANOCARRIERS FOR ENHANCED ANTICANCER POTENTIAL OF LACTOFERRIN

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INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVES

What is the problem?

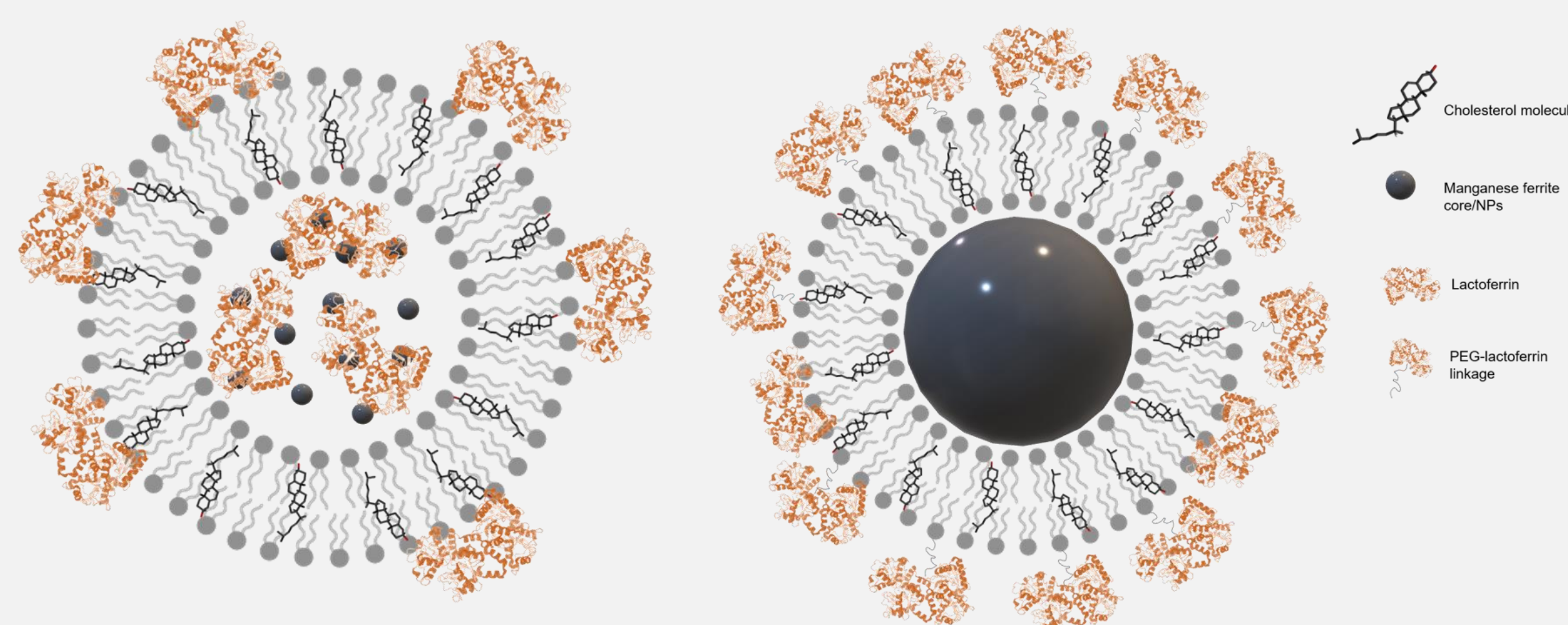
- Lactoferrin administration faces several problems regarding its bioavailability and pharmacokinetics

Possible solution

- Development of efficient nanocarriers such as magnetoliposomes [1]
- Lactoferrin is an iron-binding glycoprotein with anticancer activity for breast cancer cells [2]
- Incorporation of lactoferrin in magnetoliposomes is a possible way to enhance the biological activity of this protein

What is the aim of this work?

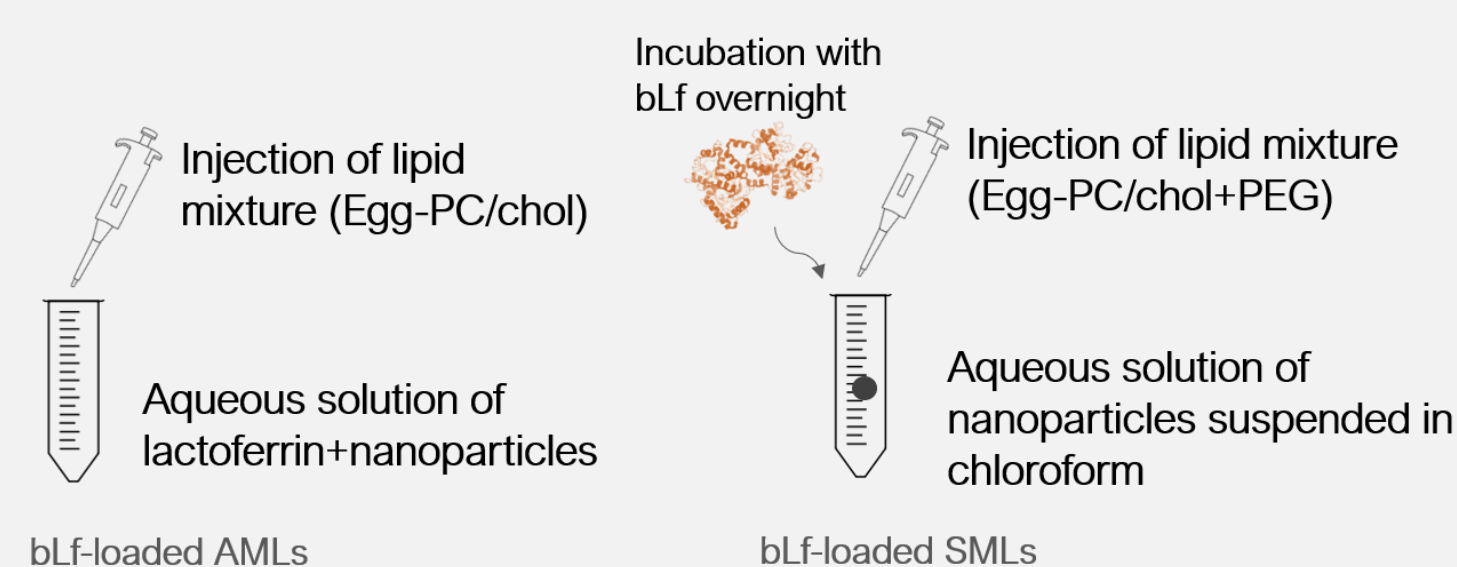
- Development of bovine lactoferrin (bLf)-loaded magnetoliposomes
- Selective targeting and accumulation of lactoferrin in tumor sites
- Enhancement of lactoferrin's anticancer activity



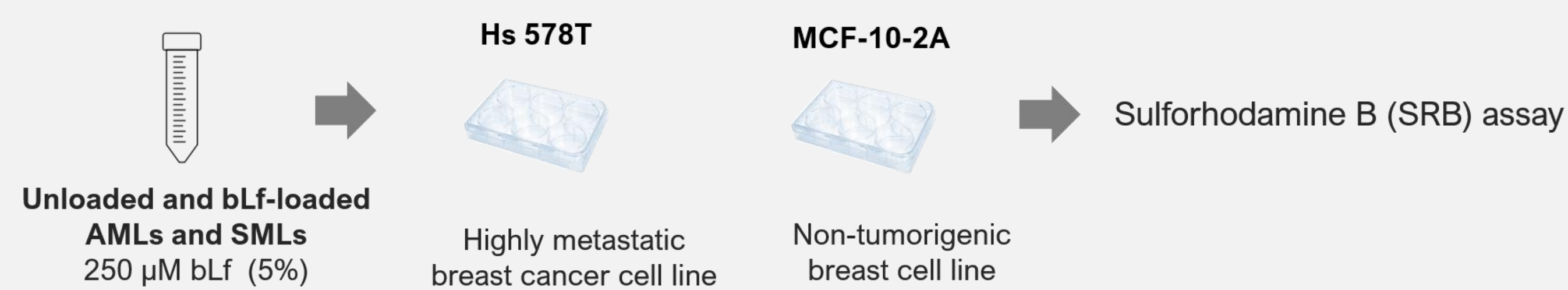
METHODS

Development of bLf-loaded magnetoliposomes

- Synthesis of $MnFe_2O_4$ magnetic nanoparticles by co-precipitation method
- Formation of the lipid bilayers by ethanolic injection (AMLs) or successive addition of lipid layers over nanoparticle aggregates (SMLs)

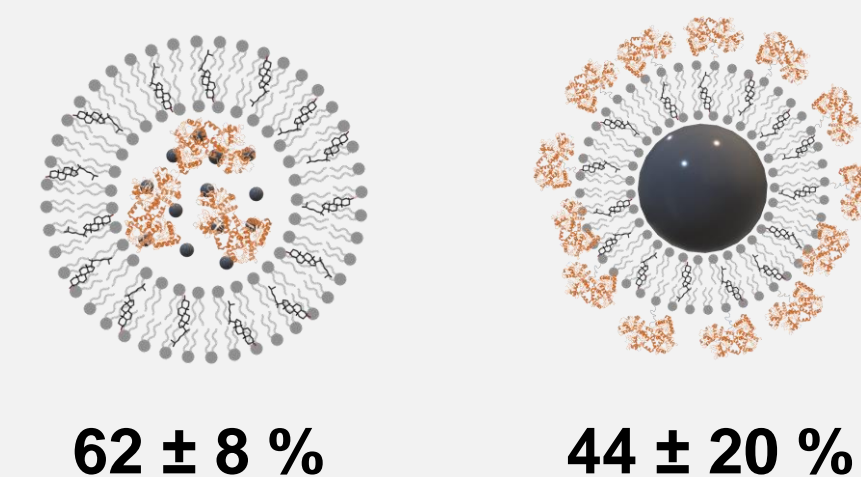


In vitro cytotoxicity studies



RESULTS

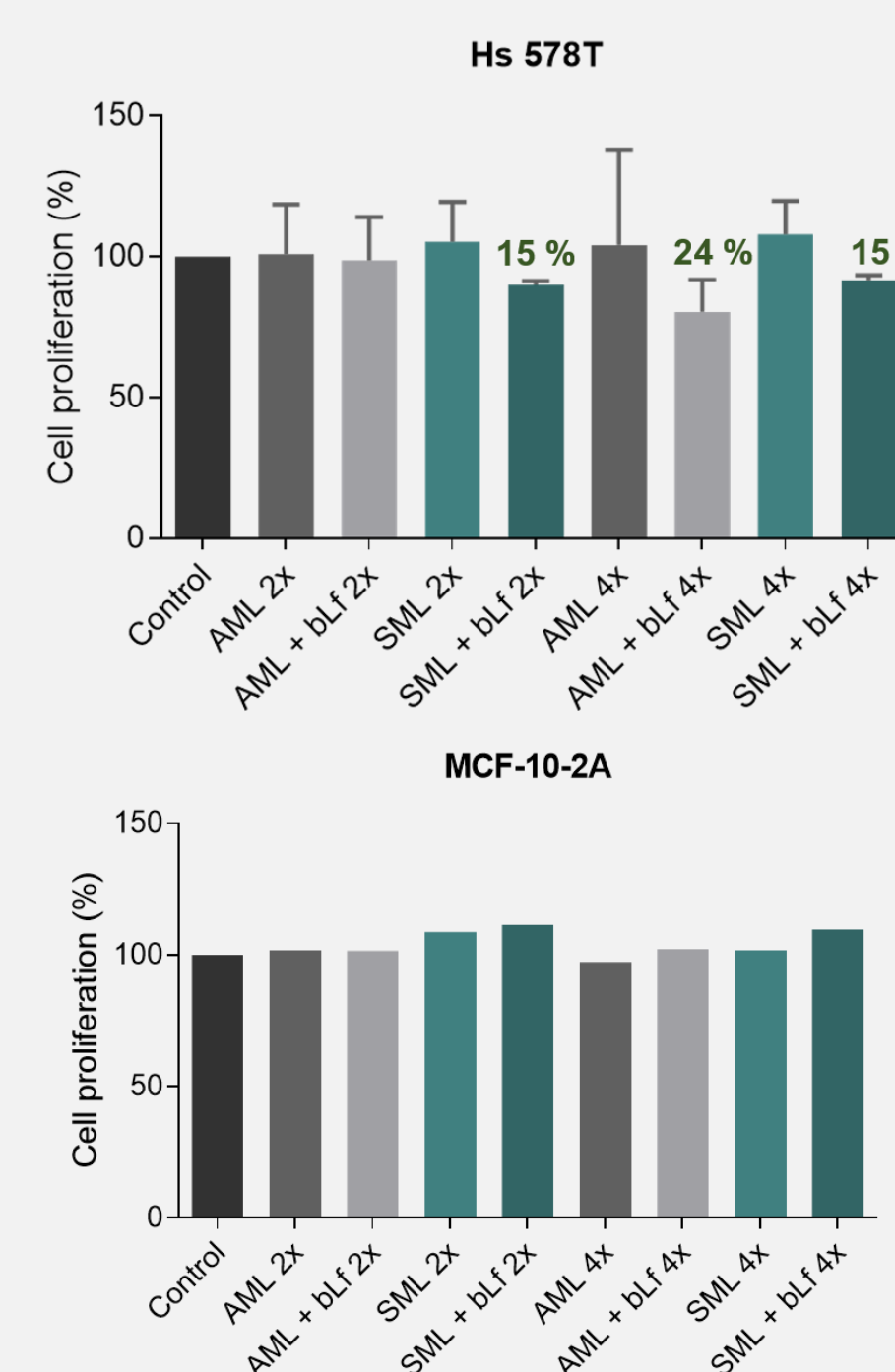
ENCAPSULATION EFFICIENCY (%)



SIZE AND ZETA POTENTIAL

	Hydrodynamic size ± SD (nm)	Zeta potential ± SD (mV)
AML	92 ± 11	-15.3 ± 2
AML+ bLf	148 ± 23	-10.9 ± 0.9
SML	107 ± 16	-21.4 ± 3
SML+ bLf	164 ± 31	-2.1 ± 0.8

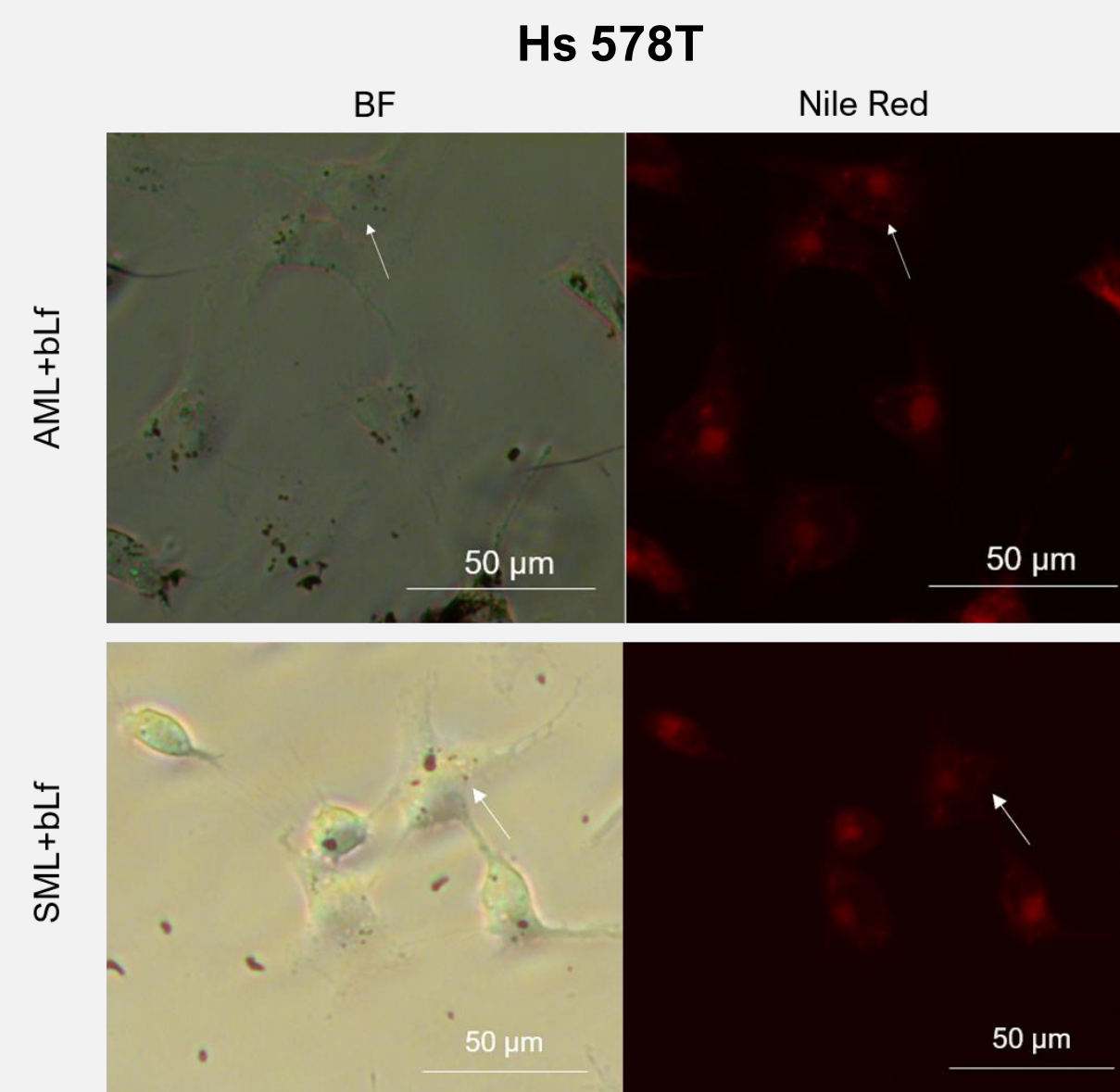
IN VITRO CYTOTOXICITY



✓ Cytotoxic effect in Hs 578T cells was low

✓ Both bLf-loaded AMLs and SMLs are cytocompatible for non-tumorigenic breast cells

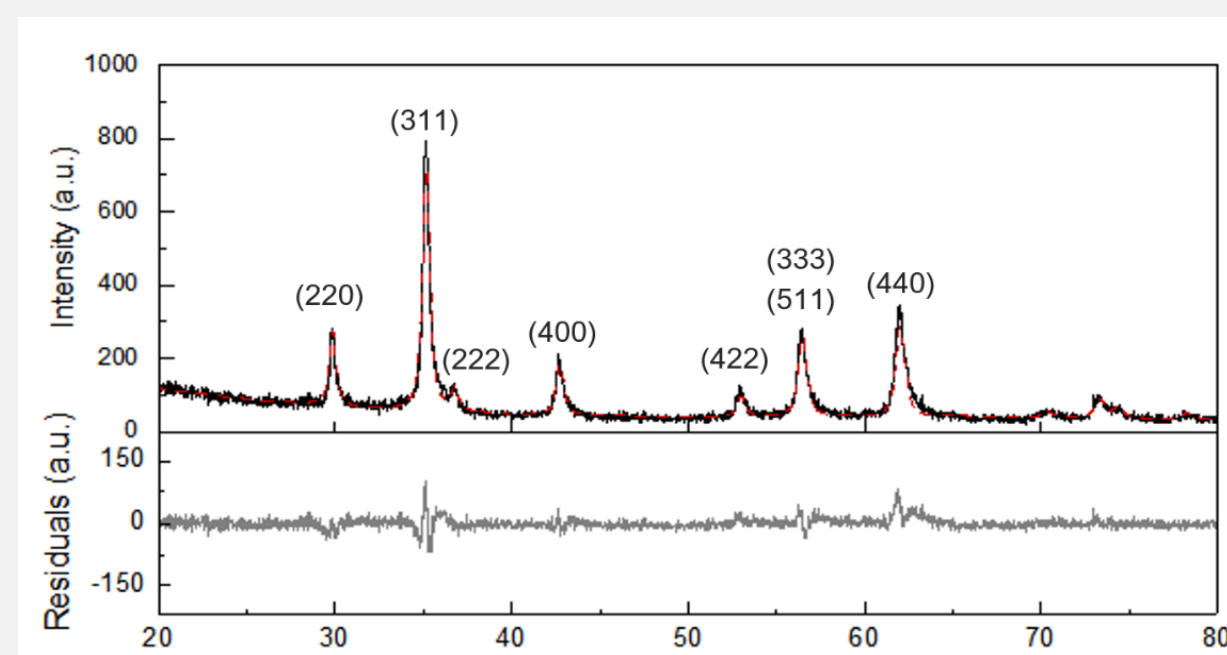
CELLULAR INTERNALIZATION



✓ Both bLf-loaded AMLs and SMLs are internalized in Hs 578T cells

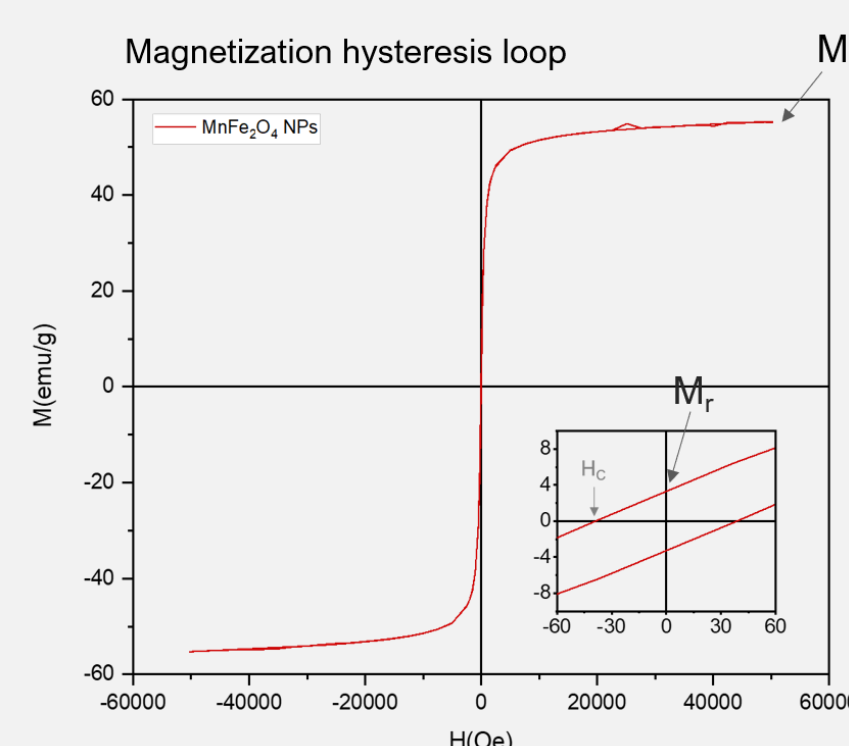
RESULTS

X-RAY DIFFRACTION



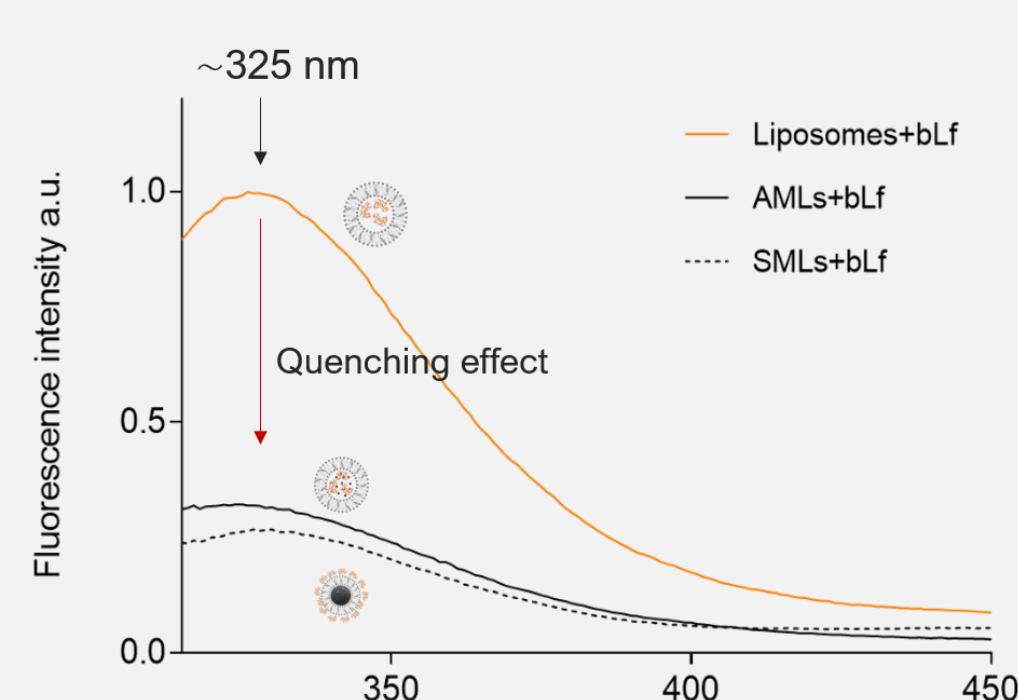
- $MnFe_2O_4$ nanoparticles with 14.5 nm

MAGNETIC MEASUREMENTS



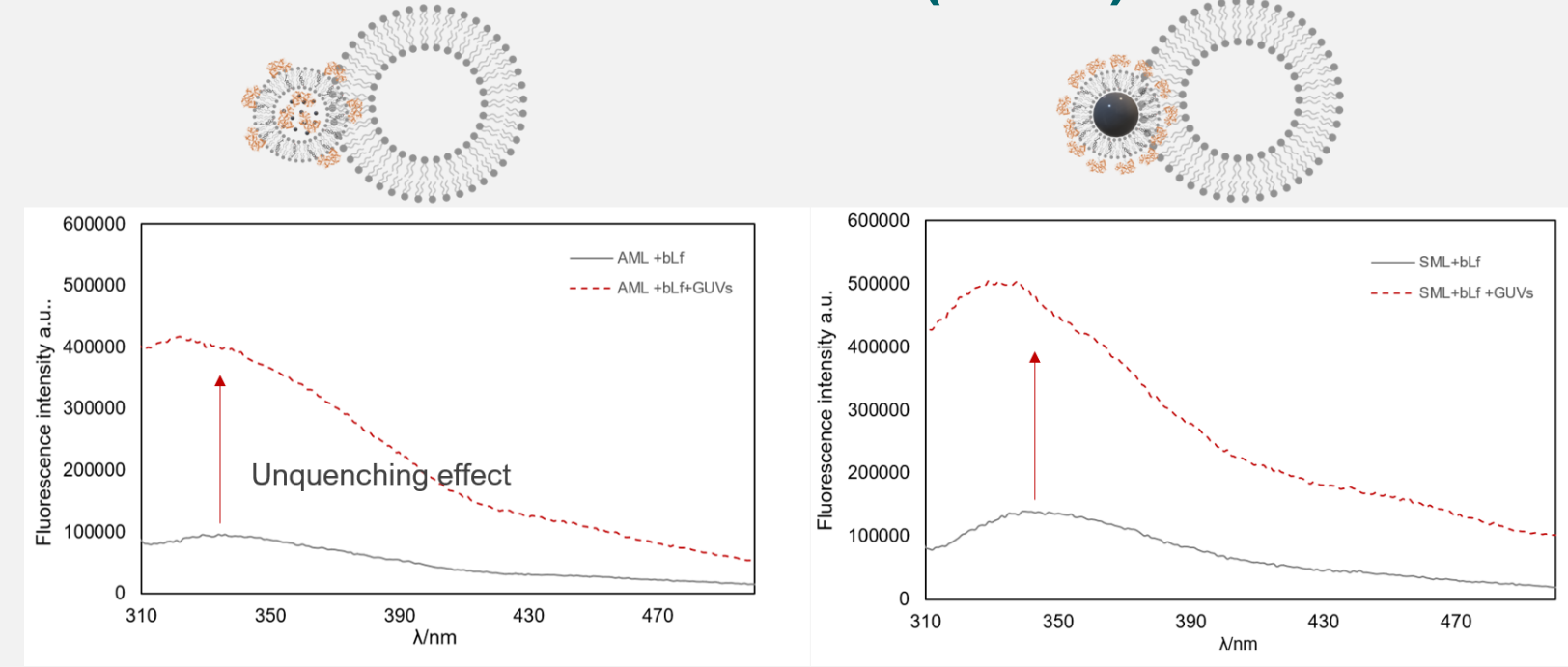
- $M_S = 55.21 \text{ emu g}^{-1}$
- $M_r/M_S = 0.06$
- ✓ Superparamagnetic behavior

INCORPORATION OF LACTOFERRIN IN MAGNETOLIPOSOMES



- ✓ bLf is present in AMLs and SMLs

INTERACTION WITH GIANT UNILAMELLAR VESICLES (GUVs)



- ✓ Fusion with GUVs occurs for both bLf-loaded AMLs and SMLs

CONCLUSIONS

- Manganese ferrite nanoparticles have superparamagnetic behaviour → Suitable for magnetic drug targeting
- Fluorescence measurements, DLS, and ELS → bLf incorporation is confirmed for both AMLs and SMLs
- Encapsulation of bLf is probably the best way to incorporate bLf
- Fluorescence microscopy images demonstrated internalization of magnetoliposomes in both cell lines
- bLf-loaded magnetoliposomes are cytocompatible for MCF-10-2A cells
- Magnetoliposomes are promising nanocarriers for proteins like lactoferrin

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