Magnetic anisotropy and Curie temperatures of chromium chalcohalide two-dimensional Janus ferromagnets

M.M. Otrokov¹, M. Bosnar², I.Yu. Sklyadneva², E.V. Chulkov², A. Arnau³

¹Instituto de Nanociencia y Materiales de Aragón (INMA), CSIC-Universidad de Zaragoza, Zaragoza 50009, Spain

²Donostia International Physics Center, 20018 Donostia-San Sebastián, Spain ³Universidad del País Vasco UPV/EHU, 20018 Donostia-San Sebastián, Spain

mikhail.otrokov@csic.es

We revisit the magnetic properties of the recently proposed noncentrosymmetric 2D magnetic materials [1-4], chromium chalcohalide Janus monolayers (MLs), CrXY (X=S, Se, Te; Y=Cl, Br, I), that have attracted significant attention due to their promising magnetic properties, e.g., large predicted Dzyaloshinskii-Moriya interaction (DMI). To date, key aspects of their magnetic behavior such as magnetic anisotropy and Curie temperatures (T_C) have not been decisively established yet. In the present study, we address these properties using ab intio calculations.

Our total-energy calculations reveal that all dynamically stable CrXY MLs exhibit FM ordering. However, robust out-of-plane magnetic anisotropy is observed only in the CrSI and CrSeI compositions (for both 1T and 1H structures), which arises from a constructive interplay between single-ion and anisotropic exchange terms that overcome the dipole-dipole interaction.

We further quantify the DMI of CrSI and CrSeI and reveal a weak-to-moderate DMI strength as compared to the isotropic exchange interaction term. By estimating $T_{\rm C}$ of the 1T and 1H CrXI (X=S, Se) we find that while the 1T-CrXI exhibit $T_{\rm C}$ values in the range of 150-188 K, the 1H-CrXI reach $T_{\rm C}$ close to room temperature. All other CrXY MLs display easy-plane-like behavior, preventing them from supporting magnetic ordering at elevated temperatures. Our results refine the previously published data on the magnetic anisotropy type and energy of the CrXY Janus MLs as well as provide realistic estimates of their $T_{\rm C}$.

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Figures