NbO_x decorated on CNF for superior binder-free electrochemical performance

Mubinul Islam, Nilesh R. Chodankar, Ebrahim Al Hajri Department of Mechanical and Nuclear Engineering, Khalifa University, Abu Dhabi, UAE

100044983@ku.ac.ae

The transition to renewable energy systems necessitates the development of high-capacity electrochemical storage devices. Conventional graphite anodes exhibit limited capacity, prompting the search for novel anode materials. Niobium (Nb)-based oxides have emerged as promising candidates due to their exceptional energy storage properties, attracting significant research interest [1], [2]. Among them, NbO demonstrates metallic conductivity, while NbO₂ and Nb₂O₅ exhibit semiconductor and insulating behaviours, respectively [3]. To enhance electrode performance, conductive carbon nanofibers (CNFs) were employed as a substrate, eliminating the need for binders in electrode fabrication. In this study, CNFs were uniformly coated with NbO_x using a facile hydrothermal method, and their electrochemical performance was systematically evaluated. This work highlights the potential of Nb-based oxides combined with conductive CNFs to overcome the limitations of traditional electrode materials, advancing the development of high-performance energy storage technologies.

References

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Figures

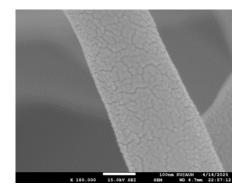


Figure 1: SEM image of pristine CNF

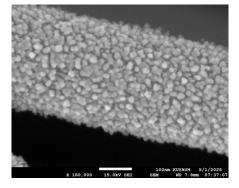


Figure 2: SEM image of NbOx deposition on CNF substrate