

Hidden Mesoscopic Liquids properties: from “static” elasticity to thermo-elasticity

Laurence Noirez

Laboratoire Léon Brillouin (CEA-CNRS), Université Paris-Saclay, CEA-Saclay, 91191 Gif-sur-Yvette
Cédex, France

laurence.noirez@cea.fr

Thermo-elasticity couples the deformation of an elastic (solid) body to its temperature and vice-versa. It is a solid property. Highlighting such property in liquids is a paradigm shift: it requires long-range collective interactions that are not considered in current liquid or viscoelastic descriptions. We present pioneering studies providing evidence for such solid-like correlations in ordinary fluids. We show that ordinary liquids (glycerol, Polypropylene glycol, liquid water...) emit a modulated thermal hot and cold signal when applying a low frequency (Hz) mechanical shear stress (figure 1) [1]. The thermal wave reaches a sizable amplitude. As consequence, the liquid converts the energy of shear waves in a non-uniform thermodynamic state. These dynamic thermal changes support the hypothesis of the excitation of macroscopic shear elasticity which range is limited to small scale, in accordance with recent non-extensive theoretical models [2,3] and the identification of the generic sub-millimeter shear elasticity revealed in polymer melts, glass formers, ionic liquids and molecular liquids a couple of years ago [4]. It should thus no longer be assumed that liquids exhibit (shear) elasticity at high solicitation frequencies (MHz or GHz) only.

REFERENCES

- [1] E. Kume, P. Baroni & L. Noirez, Strain-induced violation of temperature uniformity in mesoscale liquids. *Scientific Reports* (2020) 10, 13340 doi: 10.1038/s41598-020-69404-1.
- [2] Zaccone, A.; Trachenko, K. Explaining the low-frequency shear elasticity of confined liquids. *PNAS* (2020), 117, 19653–19655.
- [3] Alessio Zaccone and Laurence Noirez, Universal $G' \sim L^{-3}$ Law for the Low-Frequency Shear Modulus of Confined Liquids, *J. Phys. Chem. Lett.* (2021), 12, 1, 650–657.
- [4] B.V. Derjaguin, U. Bazarov, K. Zandanova, O. Budaev, O. The complex shear modulus of polymeric and small-molecule liquids. *Polymer* (1989), 30, 97 – 103.
- [5] L. Noirez, H. Mendil-Jakani, P. Baroni, P. Identification of finite shear-elasticity in the liquid state of molecular and polymeric glass-formers. *Philosophical Magazine* (2011), 91, 1977–1986.
- [6] H. Mendil, P. Baroni, L. Noirez, Solid-like rheological response of non-entangled polymers in the molten state. *Eur. Phys. J. E* 19, 7785 (2006), L. Noirez, P., Baroni, Revealing the solid-like nature of glycerol at ambient temperature. *J. Mol. Struct.* 972, 16-21 (2010).

FIGURES

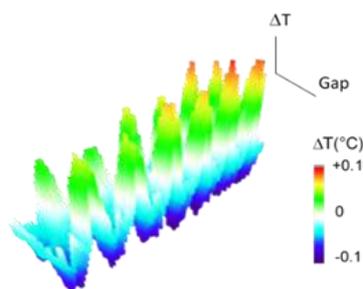


Figure 1: By applying a low frequency mechanical stimulus ($\omega \sim \text{Hz}$), the liquid emits a modulated thermal signal synchronous with the stimulus (real-time mapping of the temperature of the PPG-4000 confined in a $240\mu\text{m}$ gap). E. Kume et al, *Scie. Reports* (2020) 10, 13340.