Synthesis and Characterization of V-doped WTe₂ Nanolayers

Dimitre Dimitrov Vera Marinova, Peter Rafailov, Nikola Malinowski

Institute of Solid State Physics, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, 72 Tzarigradsko Chaussee Blvd., 1784 Sofia, Bulgaria

Institute of Optical Materials and Technologies, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Acad. G. Bonchev Str., Bl. 109, 1113 Sofia, Bulgaria dzdimitrov@issp.bas.bg

Abstract

The discovery of 2D topological insulator in monolayer 1T'-WTe₂ indicates great potential for novel electronic, spintronic, and quantum metrology. Theoretically, the interaction between the topological states and the magnetic ordered states of Td-WTe₂ enables the modulation of Weyl semimetal states by an external magnetic field and potentially the creation of a quantum anomalous Hall phase [1]. However, currently, ferromagnetism in layered 1T'-WTe₂ is still not observed. We are attempting to synthesize nanolayers/flakes of 1T'-WTe₂ with vanadium doping in order to induce magnetism. V-doped WTe₂ nanolayers/flakes were synthesized in an atmospheric pressure CVD (APCVD) quartz tube reactor with three independent thermal zones. LP (liquid precursors) method based on ammonium metatungstate hydrate (AMT) and ammonium metavanadate (AMV) or vanadium(IV) oxide sulfate (VOSO₄) with addition of PTAS was used for the synthesis. The obtained nanolayers/clusters/flakes were studied by optical microscopy and Raman spectroscopy.

References

[1] E. Liu et al., Nat. Phys. 14 (2018)

Figures

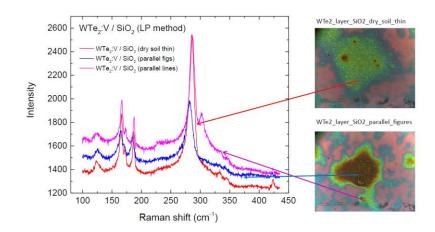


Figure 1: I Raman analysis of different flakes spots taken when using AMT and AMV with PTAS salt for APCVD synthesis of V -doped WTe₂ nanolayers

