## Seok Joon Yun

Dinh Loc Duong, Doan Manh Ha, Kirandeep Singh, Thanh Luan Phan, Wooseon Choi, Young-Min Kim, and Young Hee Lee.

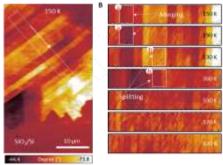
Center for Integrated Nanostructure Physics (CINAP), Institute for Basic Science (IBS), Sungkyunkwan University, Suwon 16419, Korea

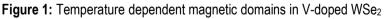
tjrwns07@skku.edu

## Room-temperature ferromagnetism in monolayer WSe<sub>2</sub> semiconductor via vanadium dopant

Diluted magnetic semiconductors including Mn-doped GaAs are attractive for gate-controlled spintronics but Curie transition at room-temperature with long-range ferromagnetic order is still debatable to date<sup>1–7</sup>. Here, we report the room-temperature ferromagnetism with long-range order in semiconducting V-doped WSe<sub>2</sub> monolayer synthesized by chemical vapor deposition. Ferromagnetic hysteresis curves are clearly manifested with exclusive Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> passivation via vibrating-sample-magnetometer, exhibiting coercivity remanent to 360K, while retaining high on/off current ratio of 10<sup>5</sup> at 0.1% V-doping. This is also confirmed by the presence of magnetic domains from magnetic force microscopy. V-substituted W atoms keep a V-V separation distance of 5 nm without V-V aggregation, scrutinized by high-resolution transmission-electron-microscopy. We further demonstrate that the magnetic order and Curie temperature can be modulated by applying the back gate, implying the validation of the Zener model in establishing the long-range ferromagnetic order in V-doped WSe<sub>2</sub> monolayer, which is consistently supported by our density functional theory calculations. Interestingly, the competition between ferromagnetic and antiferromagnetic states is theoretically predicted. Our findings open new opportunities for using two-dimensional transition metal dichalcogenides for future spintronics.

## Figures





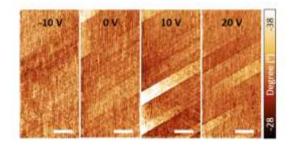


Figure 2: Gate bias dependent magnetic domains in V-doped WSe<sub>2</sub>