

High-Performance InSe Transistors and its Low-Power Applications

Indium selenide (InSe) is one kind of van der Waals materials, which have garnered considerable attention for developing next-generation electronics because of its high mobility. However, its ultra-high sensitivity to surrounding media, such as O_2 or H_2O molecules, makes the existence of native oxidation on its surface, rendering to an additional charge scattering as well as a reduction of electronic performances [1]. Here, through depositing an indium (In) doping layer on the top of the InSe surface and its electrical contact area, a robust layered InSe field-effect transistor with superior controlled stability has been demonstrated. The optimized mobility can boost up to about $4000\text{ cm}^2\text{ V}^{-1}\text{ sec}^{-1}$ at room temperature. Under a careful analysis of microscopic observations, the cross section of layered InSe transistors has been explored. Besides, temperature-dependent mobilities for layered InSe transistors have been uncovered and can be explained by the dominance of the phonon scattering events, which is highly consistent with the observation of the charge noise fluctuations [2]. Eventually, the flexible functionalities with low-power operations, such as logic circuits and tribotronics [3], using the InSe transistors have been achieved. Our work reveals layered InSe materials have the potential to overcome the bottleneck in development of future electronics.

References

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- [2] Mengjiao Li, Che-Yi Lin, Shih-Hsien Yang, Yuan-Ming Chang, Jen-Kuei Chang, Feng-Shou Yang, Chaorong Zhong, Wen-Bin Jian, Chen-Hsin Lien, Ching-Hwa Ho, Heng-Jui Liu, Rong Huang, Wenwu Li, Yen-Fu Lin, and Junhao Chu, *Adv. Mater.* 30, 1803690 (2018).
- [3] Mengjiao Li, Feng-Shou Yang, Yung-Chi Hsiao, Che-Yi Lin, Hsing-Mei Wu, Shih-Hsien Yang, Hao-Ruei Li, Chen-Hsin Lien, Ching-Hwa Ho, Heng-Jui Liu, Wenwu Li, Yen-Fu Lin, and Ying-Chih Lai, *Adv. Funct. Mater.* 29, 1809119 (2019).

Figures

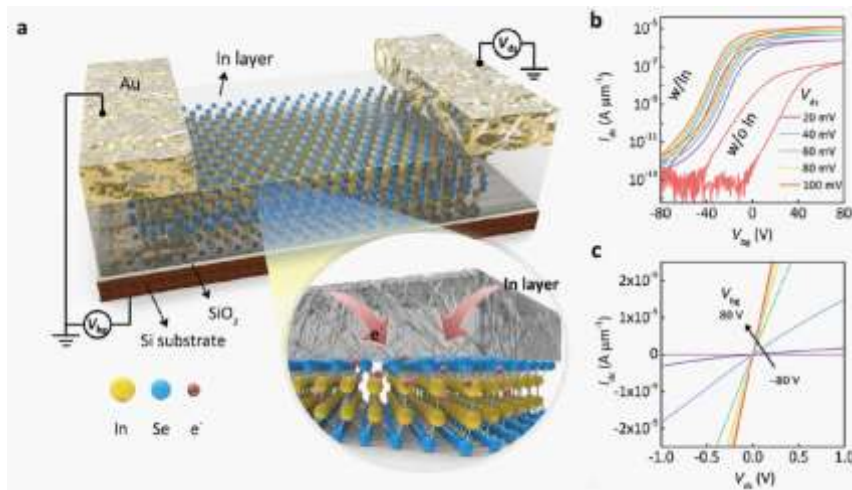


Figure 1: (a) Schematic of the InSe field-effect transistor with a deposition of In as a doping and protective layer. (b) Transfer and (c) output characteristics of a layered InSe transistors with 32-nm thick In layer.