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Two-dimension Sulfide Anodes for Sodium-ion Batteries

Two-dimension (2D) materials, such as molybdenum disulfide (MoS_2), iron disulfide (FeS_2), have received widely interest in electrode materials for rechargeable batteries owing to their 2D structure, low cost, natural abundance and high theoretical capacity. Here, we report the application of $MoS_2^{[1]}$, $FeS_2^{[2]}$ as the anodes of sodium-ion batteries. Based on the selected compatible ether-based electrolyte and the tuned cut-off voltage, both of two sulfides show an intercalation mechanism rather than a conversion reaction, refraining from the huge volume change caused by phase conversion. MoS_2 nanoflower with expanded interlayer shows high discharge capacities of 350 mAh g⁻¹ at 0.05 A g⁻¹, and 195 mAh g⁻¹ at 10 A g⁻¹. FeS_2 microsphere exhibits high-rate capability (170 mAh g⁻¹ at 20 A g⁻¹) and long-term cycling (~90% capacity retention for 20000 cycles) The superior electrochemical performance of the two sulfides demonstrates the feasibility for their practical application.

References

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Figures

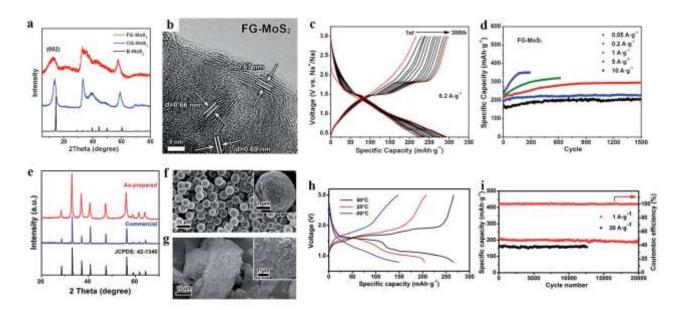


Figure 1: (a) XRD patterns of the MoS₂ samples and (b) HRTEM images of FG-MoS₂. (c) The charge-discharge curves from 1st to 300th cycle and (d) the cyclic properties at different rates of FG-MoS₂. (e) XRD patterns and (f,g) SEM images of FeS₂ microspheres and commercial FeS₂. (h) Charge-discharge profiles at 1 A g⁻¹ at different temperatures. (d) Cycling performance of FeS₂ microspheres.