

## Nanobots as a new nanotherapeutic modality in biomedicine

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One of the dreams in nanotechnology is to engineer small vehicles and machines, called here nanobots, which can eventually be applied in vivo for medical purposes. Yet, reaching that fascinating goal is not a trivial thing and several challenges need to be addressed. First, researchers need to incorporate efficient but also bio-friendly propulsion mechanisms into the nanobots. Our strategy comprises the use of biocatalysts such enzymes for converting biologically available fuels into a propulsive force. Secondly, nanoparticles' chassis should be generally recognized as safe (GRAS) material, biocompatible and/or biodegradable.

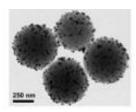
In my talk, I will present how we bioengineer hybrid nanobots combining the best from the two worlds: biology (enzymes) and (nano)technology (nano- micro-particles, Figure 1) providing swimming capabilities, biocompatibility, imaging, multifunctionality and actuation.

Besides the understanding of fundamental aspects (1), and controlling the performance of micro-nanobots (2) I will present some of the proof-of-concept applications of biocompatible nanobots such as the efficient transport of drugs into cancer cells (3) and 3D spheroids (4), sensing capabilities (5), anti-bactericidal applications (6) and the use of molecular imaging techniques like PET-CT (7) or Photoacoustic (8) for the tracking and localization of swarms of nanobots both in vitro and in vivo in confined spaces like mice bladder.

## References

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## **Figures**



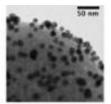


Figure 1: Mesoporous silica nanoparticles decorated with gold-nanoparticles used as basic architecture for nanobots.