

Deposition of maleimide molecules on MoS2 under UHV conditions

Iván M. Ibarburu^{1,2}, Fabián Calleja², Manuel Vázquez Sulleiro², Michele Pisarra², Emilio M. Pérez², Amadeo L. Vázquez de Parga^{1,2,3}

¹Departamento de Física de la Materia Condensada, UAM, Cantoblanco 28049, Madrid, Spain.
² IMDEA-Nanociencia, Calle Faraday 9, Cantoblanco 28049, Madrid, Spain.
³ Condensed Matter Physics Center (IFIMAC), Cantoblanco 28049, Madrid, Spain.
Ivan.martinezi@uam.es

Nowadays there is increasing interest in performing controlled chemical reactions on van der Waals materials with several types of molecules to realize new multi-dimensional heterostructures, and open new pathways for different applications [1,2]. Recent studies demonstrated the successful covalent functionalization of transition metal dichalcogenides (TMDs) with different molecules [1,3,4]. One of these combinations is the covalent link between MoS2 monolayers and maleimide derivatives via "click" reactions [1,3,4] due to the soft nucleophilic character of sulfur. However, this synthesis is usually made under solution in liquid environments, and an ultra-high-vacuum (UHV) approach has not yet been attempted yet. In this work we deposit benzylmaleimide molecules on MoS₂ islands grown on a substrate of graphene/Iridium (111) under UHV conditions, and explore their adsorption on the surface by means of scanning tunneling microscopy (STM). Our results indicate that, rather than forming a covalent bond on the top Sulphur atoms of the MoS2, in UHV molecules mainly chemisorb on MoS₂ surface defects, such as mirror twin boundaries (MTB) or sulfur vacancies.

References

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Figures

