# Chitosan-based nanosystem as pneumococcal vaccine delivery platform

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#### **Abstract**

Chitosan-based nanosystems have been described as interesting tools for antigen delivery, enhancing the immunogenicity of nasally administered vaccines [1]. The design of chitosan nanocapsules with the Streptococcus pneumoniae membrane protein PsaA (pneumococcal surface adhesin A), involved in adhesion nasopharyngeal colonization processes [2] are proposed as an antigenloaded vaccine delivery system candidate. This nanocarriers should reach to nasal subepithelial lymphoid follicles for their uptake by dendritic cells (DCs), for activation of specific T cells, producing an adaptive immune response against pneumonia [3].

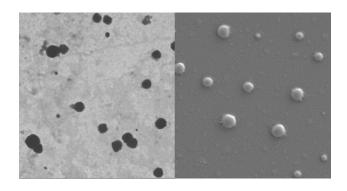
Chitosan nanoparticles with thiol-maleimide conjugation between the polymer (chitosan) and the antigen (PsaA) were designed to enable surface presentation of PsaA for immune cell recognition. Spherical shaped particles, with size of 266±32 nn, positive charge of +30±1 mV and good stability profiles in simulated nasal fluids (up hours) were achieved. PsaA association rates were three times higher compared to nanocapsules without covalent polymer-protein conjugation.

The maturation of pre-incubated inmature DCs in the presence of antigen-conjugated nanocapsules, and subsequent studies of lymphocyte activation after this antigen cells (APCs) presenting presentation showed a higher capacity of nanocapsules activate CD4 (CD4+/CD25+, activation) and lower to CD8 Τ 17% lymphocytes (CD8+/CD28+, activation) compared to immature DCs (CD4+/CD25+ 16% and CD8+/CD28+, 18% activation). The evaluation of antigenspecific responses and cytokine profiles are currently underway to further evaluate the potential of these nanocapsules as vaccine delivery systems.

### References

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- [2] M. Prasanna et al. Eur. J. Pharm. Sci. 2018, 129.
- [3] N. Csaba, M. Garcia-Fuentes, M. J. Alonso. Adv. Drug Deliv. Rev. 2009, 61, 2.

## **Figures**



**Figure 1:** TEM and SEM images of Chitosan-maleimide PsaA-SATA nanocapsules.