# Photoresponse of TiO<sub>2</sub>-based structures prepared by different additive manufacturing techniques

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#### **Abstract**

TiO<sub>2</sub> coatings with porous microstructures and high specific surface area are highly on demand for applications involving photoactivity phenomena such as solar cells or photocatalytic degradation.

Many attempts to improve the photoresponse of the TiO2 coatings are based on strategies aim at induce an reactant-catalyst enhanced through the design of complex structures with large surface-to-volume ratio. The TiO<sub>2</sub> structuring and photoactivity can be controlled by tuning the semiconductor physical properties (particle size, crystalline phase, preferred orientation) but also by shaping the TiO<sub>2</sub> material host.

Additive manufacturing (AM) processes to build complex shapes are emerging alternative technologies for ceramic manufacturina due to the first economically profitable industrial applications. The specific properties of the materials fabricated by AM techniques such as Inkjet Printing (IJP) or Fused Filament Fabrication (FFF) in many cases are similar to the corresponding ones of commercially available ceramic-based materials fabricated by other methods. Those printing technologies manufacturing allow multilayer patterns and/or pieces using advanced materials that are superior to traditional ones.

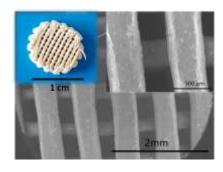
In this work, the emphasis is placed on the fabrication of ceramic TiO<sub>2</sub>-based materials with complex geometries and high specific surface area. A technological approach

based on techniques such as IJP and FFF is shape the ceramic followed to semiconductor structure. The suspensions/inks used in the manufacture of samples are prepared with TiO<sub>2</sub> P25) nanoparticles (Aeroxide and optimized by a colloidal approach. A postthermal treatment is occasionally applied to ensure consolidation of the materials. Microstructural properties and photoresponse of the samples will be presented.

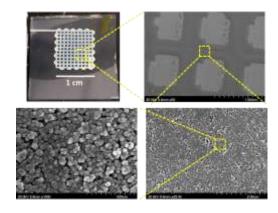
#### References

[1] A.Sangiorgi et al. 3D printing of photocatalytic filters using a biopolymer to immobilize TiO<sub>2</sub> nanoparticles. J. Electrochem. Soc., 166(5),(2019) pp. H3239-H3248

## **Figures**



**Figure 1:** Picture and micrographs of the PLA/TiO<sub>2</sub> scaffolds prepared by FFF



**Figure 2:** Picture and micrographs of the TiO<sub>2</sub> patterns prepared by IJP