

Exotic chiral topological phases at the quantum phase transitions

Wei Yang

Institute of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China
wei.yang@iphy.ac.cn

Abstract :

A new phase of matter usually emerges when a given symmetry breaks spontaneously, which can involve charge, spin, valley, and layer degree of freedom. Twisting graphene multilayer to form a moiré superlattice leads to moiré flat bands where various correlated states are developed. Twisted double bilayer graphene (TDBG) is an electrical displacement field (D) tunable moiré system. Here, I will focus on the high-quality ABBA-stacked TDBG device and present the experimental observations of the field-tunable exotic phases, such as spin/valley/layer polarized phases, where interplays among correlation, isospin polarization, topology, layer polarization, and Landau quantization are important. In particular, I will discuss the emergence of novel chiral topological phases and giant magnetoresistance at the quantum phase transitions.

References

- [1] L. Liu, et al., Observation of first-order quantum phase transitions and ferromagnetism in twisted double bilayer graphene, Phys. Rev. X 13, 031015(2023).
- [2] Y. Yuan, et al., Interplay of Landau quantization and interminivalley scatterings in a weakly coupled moiré superlattice, Nano Letters 24, 6722 (2024).
- [3] J. Zhu, et al., Probing band topology in ABAB and ABBA stacked twisted double bilayer graphene, arXiv:2409.11023 (2024).

Figures

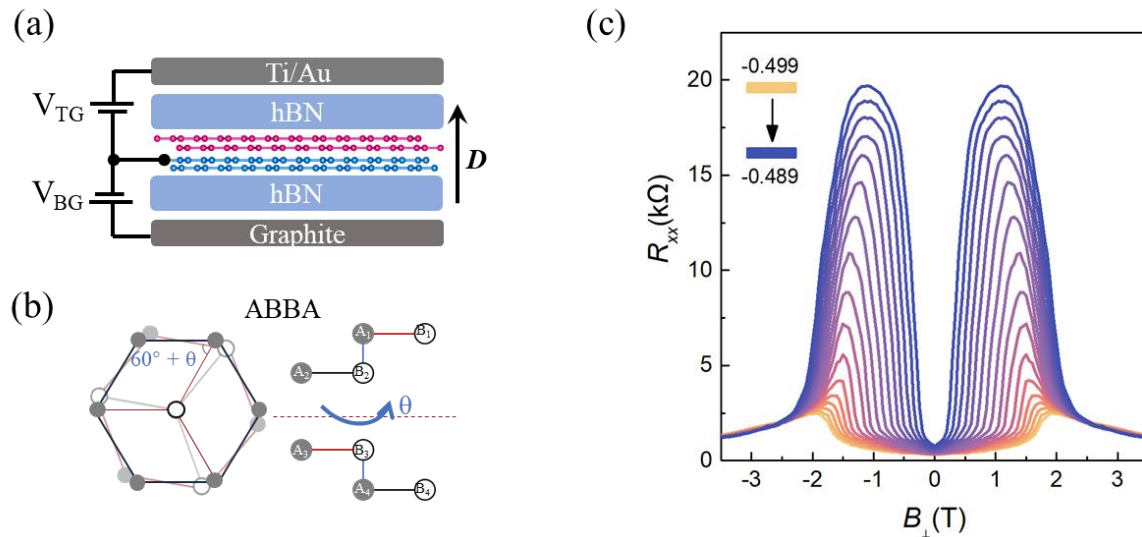


Figure 1: Schematics of ABBA-stacked TDBG Device (**a-b**) and giant magnetoresistance at the quantum phase transitions (**c**).