## Next generation of reactive ceramic nanofiltration membranes: The Role of Graphene Oxide Nanosheets

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Ensuring universal access to clean, uncontaminated water remains one of the most pressing challenges of our time. This project presents a cost-effective and scalable strategy to fabricate reactive ceramic membranes that not only reject pollutants but also degrade them, offering a dual-function solution for water purification. While nanofiltration ceramic membranes are typically expensive due to the need for multilayer deposition techniques and high-temperature sintering, we demonstrate a simplified process based on a green synthesis of graphene oxide (GO) and direct coating onto porous  $a-Al_2O_3$  ceramic substrates (600 nm pore size). This one-step deposition method reduces processing complexity and eliminates the need for intermediate barrier or selective polymer layers. The GO layer reduces the effective pore size to below 2 nm, enabling true nanofiltration-range rejection. Thin films (~50 nm) are conformally coated onto cylindrical ceramic supports, and their structural integrity is confirmed by SEM and Raman spectroscopy. Water permeance values of ~7 LMH/bar are achieved, and notably, the membranes maintain excellent mechanical integrity under cross-flow filtration at 9 bar with no evidence of delamination. Compared to conventional ceramic NF membranes, this approach significantly lowers production cost and material usage while preserving performance and durability. Our results position GOcoated ceramics as a competitive, economically viable platform for advanced water purification technologies.

## References

 (1) Cho, Young Hoon, et al. "Sacrificial Graphene Oxide Interlayer for Highly Permeable Ceramic Thin Film Composite Membranes." Journal of Membrane Science, vol. 618, 2021, p. 118442. Elsevier, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.memsci.2020.118442.

Figures

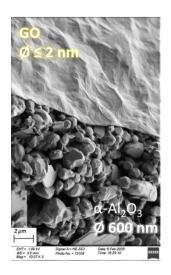


Figure 1: SEM cross section after vertical deposition of GO nanosheets on a-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> ceramic tube