

2D altermagnets from high throughput computational screening: symmetry requirements, chiral magnons and spin-orbit effects

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We present a high throughput computational search for altermagnetism in two-dimensional (2D) materials based on the Computational 2D Materials Database (C2DB). We start by showing that the symmetry requirements for altermagnetism in 2D are somewhat more strict compared to bulk materials and applying these yields a total of 7 altermagnets in the C2DB. The collinear ground state in these monolayers are verified by spin spiral calculations using the generalized Bloch theorem. We focus on four *d*-wave altermagnetic materials belonging to the $P2'_1/c'$ magnetic space group - RuF₄, VF₄, AgF₂ and OsF₄. The first three of these are known experimentally as van der Waals bonded bulk materials and are likely to be exfoliable from their bulk parent compounds. We perform a detailed analysis of the electronic structure and non-relativistic spin splitting in *k*-space exemplified by RuF₄. The magnon spectrum of RuF₄ is calculated from the magnetic force theorem and it is shown that the symmetries that enforce degenerate magnon bands in anti-ferromagnets are absent in altermagnets and give rise to the obtained non-degenerate magnon spectrum. We then include spin-orbit effects and show that these will dominate the splitting of magnons in RuF₄. Finally, we provide an example of *i*-wave altermagnetism in the 2H phase of FeBr₃.

Figures

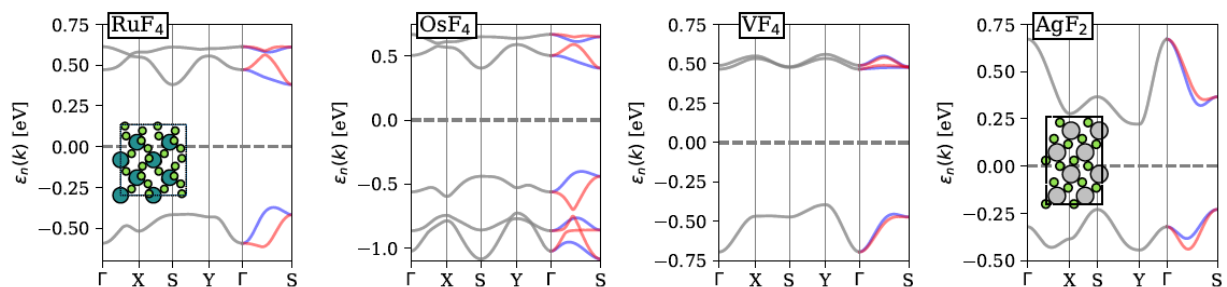


Figure 1: The band structures of altermagnetic RuF₄, OsF₄, VF₄ and AgF₂ calculated without SOC. The blue and red lines correspond to the two spin channels. The insets show the atomic structures in 2x2 supercells (OsF₄ and VF₄ are isostructural to RuF₄).

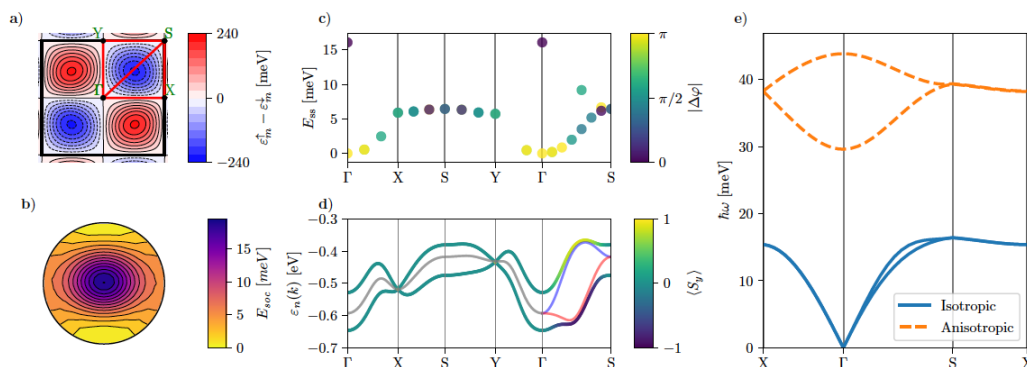


Figure 2: Electronic and magnetic properties of altermagnetic RuF₄. a) The spin splitting of the two highest occupied bands calculated without SOC. b) The spin-orbit energy as a function of spin orientation on the upper hemisphere shown as a stereographic projection. c) Spin spiral dispersion of RuF₄ coloured by the angle between the two magnetic moments in the unit cell. d) The electronic band structure with and without SOC. The bands including SOC are coloured according to $\langle S_y \rangle$ in units of $\hbar/2$. e) Magnon dispersion excluding (isotropic) and including (anisotropic) SOC