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In the field of Transition Metal Dichalcogenides (TMDCs), molybdenum disulfide (MoS<sub>2</sub>) has attracted an outstanding interest due to several applications. MoS<sub>2</sub> has potentialities not yet fully realized in solution-based applications. However, the lack of knowledge of the optical properties of MoS<sub>2</sub>, especially in the infrared range, has significantly limited his use in many exciting photonic fields. In this work, the broadband optical properties of MoS<sub>2</sub> films deposited by spin-coating onto Si/SiO<sub>2</sub> substrates were studied by means of Variable Angle Spectroscopic Ellipsometry (VASE).

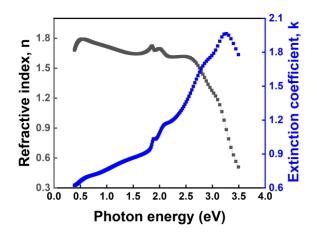
The morphological and the structural properties of the samples were investigated by Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM), Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM) and Micro-Raman Spectroscopy.

Micro-Raman spectroscopy measurements reveal the presence of  $2H-MoS_2$  and  $1T-MoS_2$  phases. The optical properties of the films show a mid-gap state at  $\sim 0.6$  eV, not reported in an ellipsometry work before, induced by defects in the  $MoS_2$  samples.

## References

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- [4] C. Yim et al, Appl. Phys. Lett. 104 (2014) 103114

## Figures



**Figure 1:** Estimated dispersion laws of MoS<sub>2</sub> films spin-coated onto Si/SiO<sub>2</sub> substrates by Variable Angle Spectroscopic Ellipsometry characterization.