Fluorine doped graphene oxide and its application for supercapacitor

Joonhee Moon

Cheolho Jeon

Advanced Nano-Surface Research Group, Korea Basic Science Institute, 169-148 Gwajal-ro, Yuseong-gu, Daejeon, 34133, South Korea

junnymoon@kbsi.re.kr

Abstract

Recently, carbon-based materials have been applied to electrodes for energy storage system due to their superior conductivity, low cost, and weight. Many researchers have introduced various methods to synthesize heteroatom-doped graphitic structures graphene or for chemical activity, changing improving wettability, favourable pseudocapacity for electrochemical supercapacitors. Amona various elements, fluorine-functionalization or doping is known to be very helpful to change the intrinsic properties of graphene.

Here, we report a facile method to functionalize fluorine doped graphene oxide by plasma treatment under ambient pressure. We also demonstrated that Fdoped graphene oxide electrode exhibits enhanced electrochemical performance for supercapacitors resulting from the pseudocapacitance behaviour. Therefore, it is expected that F-doped graphene oxide would be useful for various energy storage systems.

References

- J. Zhou, J. Lian, L. Hou, J. Zhang, H. Gou, M. Xia, Y Zhao, T. A. Strobel. L. Tao, F. Gao, Nature Comm., 6(2015) 8503
- [2] H. Y. Jeon, Y. H. Jung, D. C. Seok, S. Yoo, S. K. Kwon, D. han, Current Applied Physics, 18 (2018) 961
- [3] J. Zhang, L. Dai, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 55, (2016), 13296

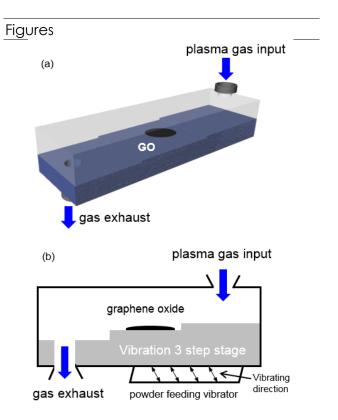


Figure 1: Schematic of F-doped GO fabrication process by dielectric barrier discharge electrode method.

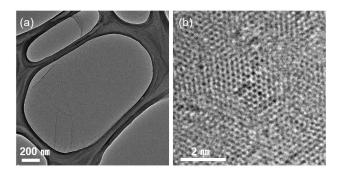


Figure 2: Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) images of F-doped GO on TEM grid. (a)Low-and (b) high resolution TEM images of F-doped graphene on TEM grid.

Graphene2019