



8<sup>th</sup> edition of the largest European Conference & Exhibition in Graphene and 2D Materials

**Graphene**  
2018  
June 26 - 29  
Dresden (Germany)

# *Macro, micro and nano-Raman spectroscopy in 2D systems: fundamentals and applications*

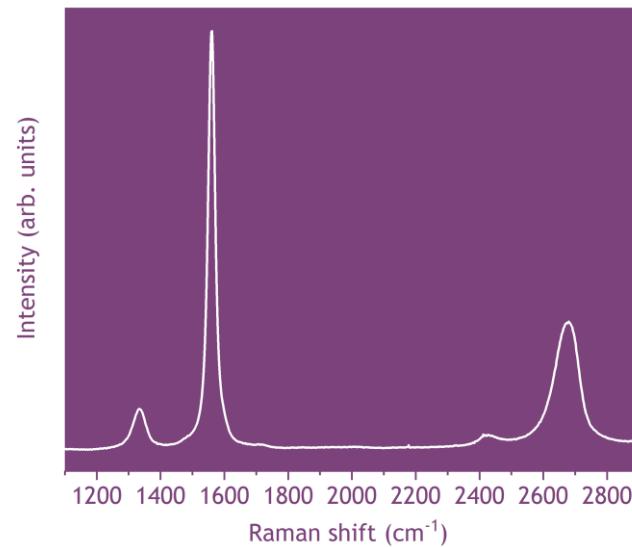
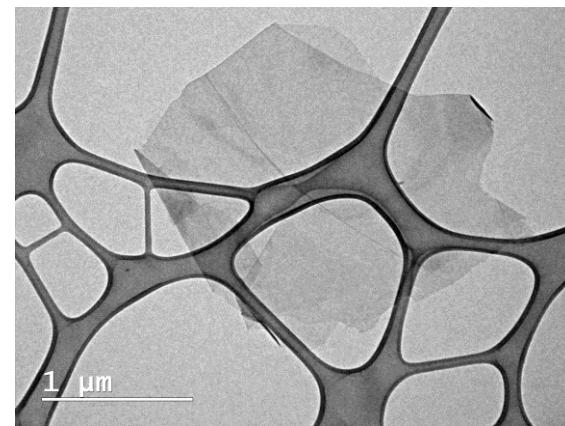
Ado JORIO

*Departamento de Física*

*Universidade Federal de Minas Gerais*

*BRAZIL*

# Macro-Raman spectroscopy



Pilot plant for mass-scale production of liquid-phase exfoliated graphene from natural graphite

# Micro-Raman spectroscopy



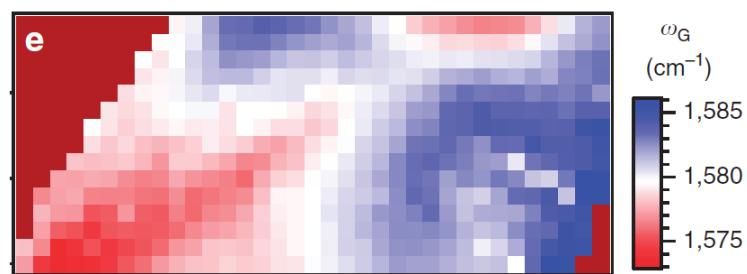
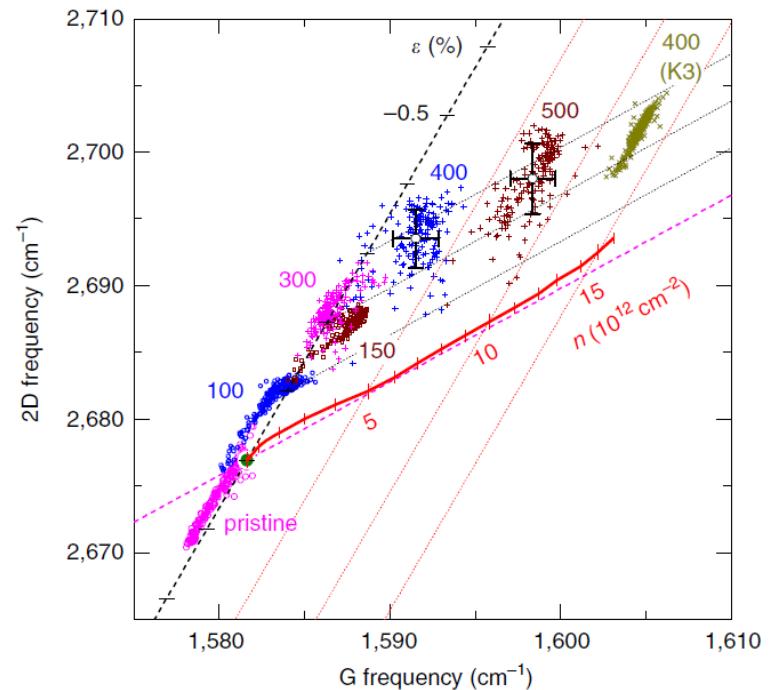
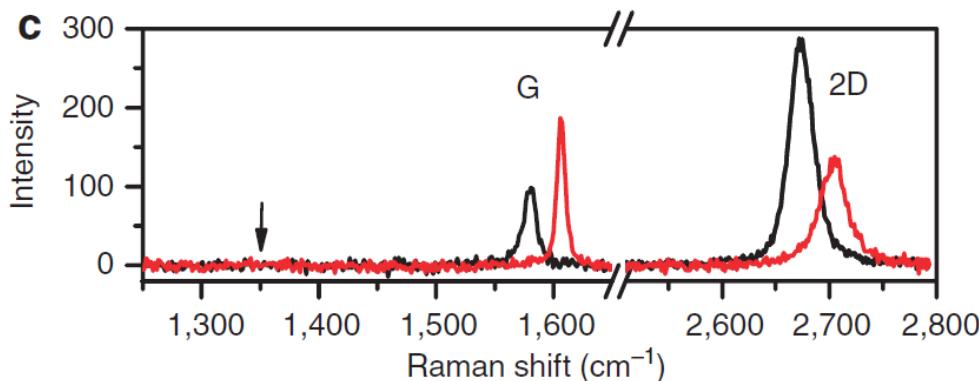
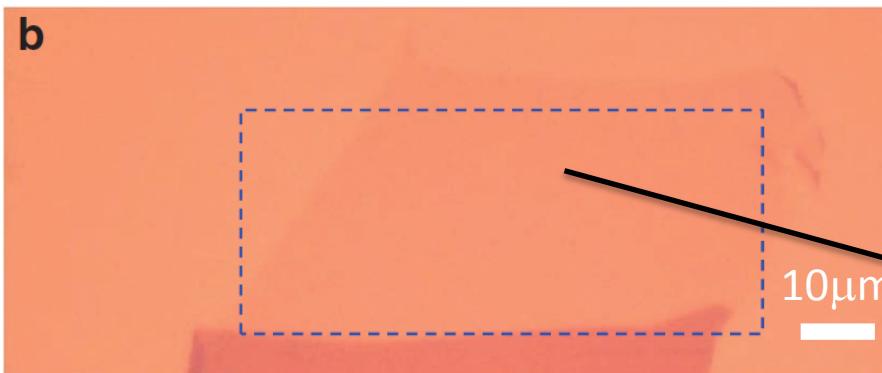
Received 2 May 2012 | Accepted 25 Jul 2012 | Published 28 Aug 2012

DOI: 10.1038/ncomms2022

## Optical separation of mechanical strain from charge doping in graphene

Ji Eun Lee<sup>1,†</sup>, Gwanghyun Ahn<sup>1</sup>, Jihye Shim<sup>1</sup>, Young Sik Lee<sup>1</sup> & Sunmin Ryu<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Kyung Hee University, Republic of Korea



$1 \times 1 \mu\text{m}^2$  resolution  
 $1 \mu\text{m}^2 \sim 39.000.000$  C atoms

# Micro- vs. Nano-Raman spectroscopy

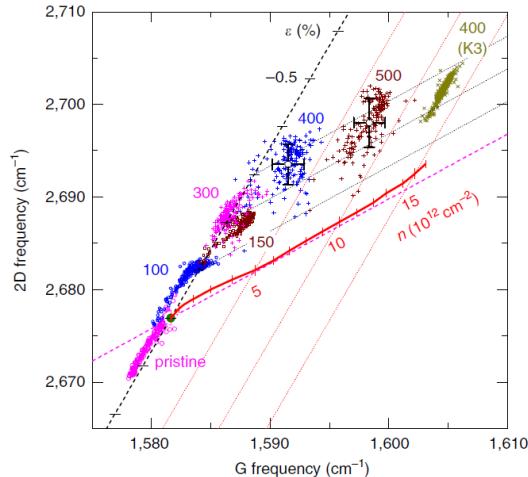
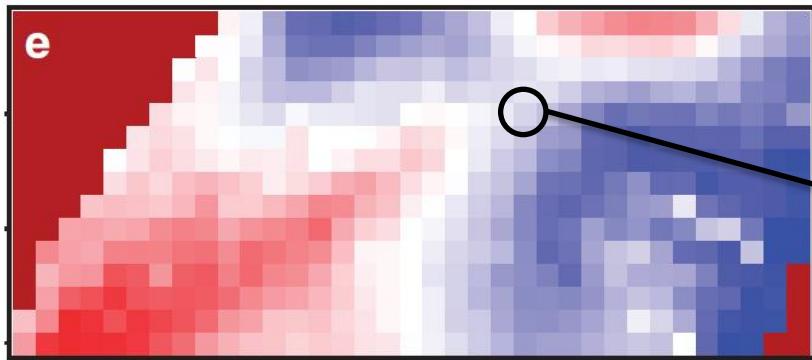


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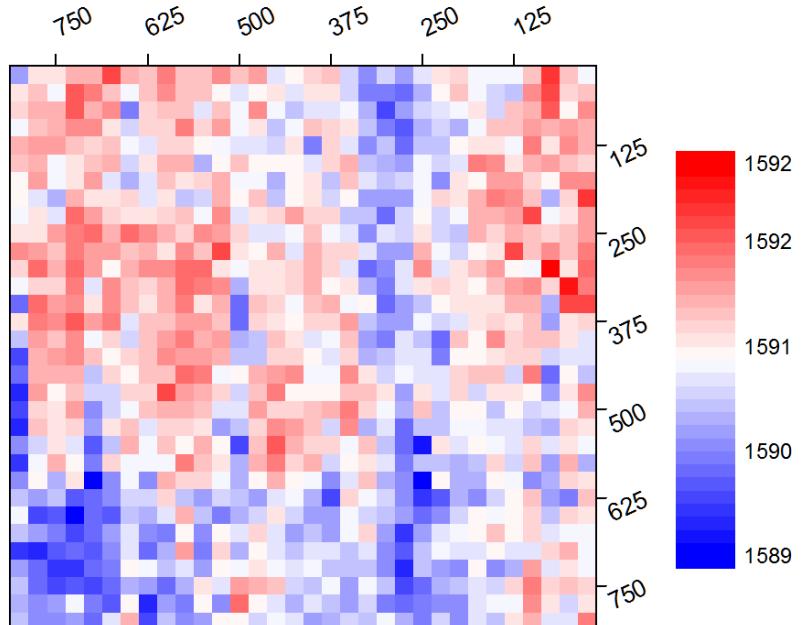
DOI: 10.1038/ncomms2022

## Optical separation of mechanical strain from charge doping in graphene

Ji Eun Lee<sup>1,†</sup>, Gwanghyun Ahn<sup>1</sup>, Jihye Shim<sup>1</sup>, Young Sik Lee<sup>1</sup> & Sunmin Ryu<sup>1</sup>



Our Nano-Raman  
spectroscopy on graphene  
1024 points  
5 sec / point (1h20min)  
25×25 nm<sup>2</sup> resolution



Obs: micro and nano are placed together here for comparison only. They are not on the same sample

# *Metrology of defects and local temperature in graphene*

Ado JORIO

*Departamento de Física*

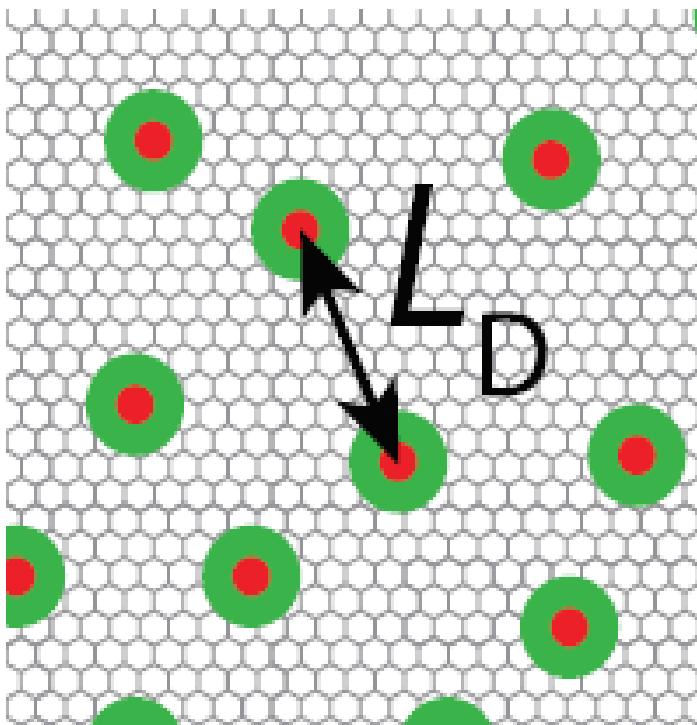
*Universidade Federal de Minas Gerais*

*BRAZIL*

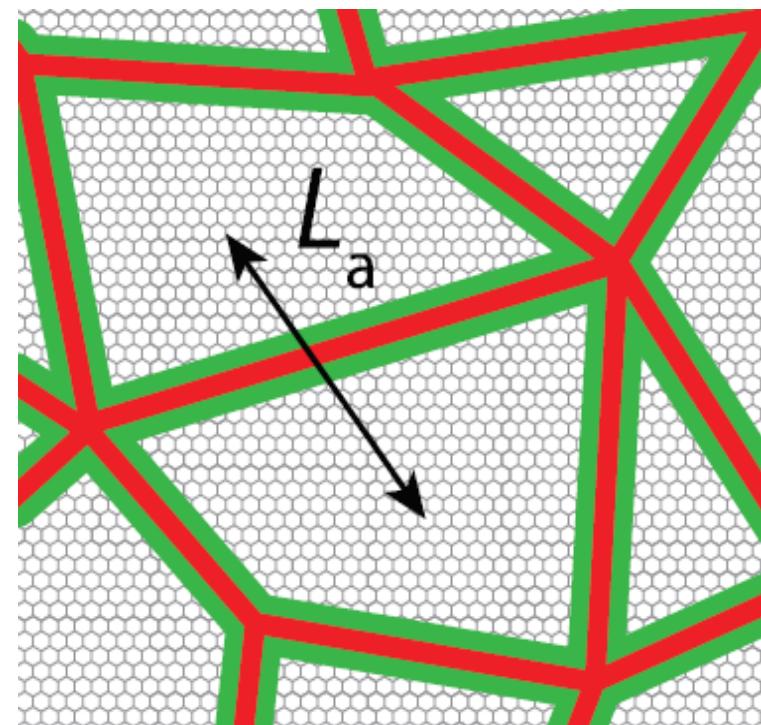
# 0D & 1D defects – two parameters

2D Mater. 4, 025039 (2017)

Distance among 0D defects  
Defect density

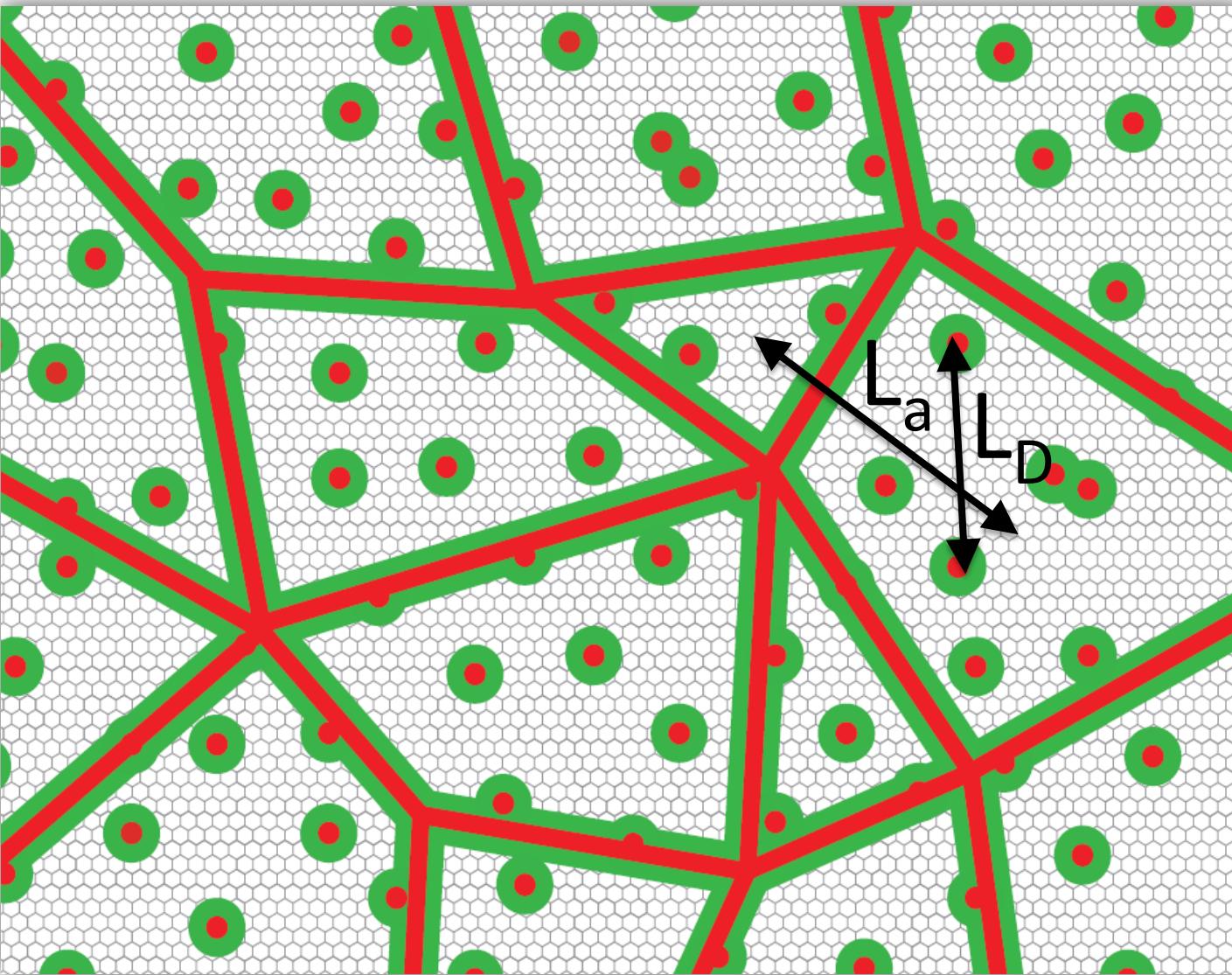


Distance among 1D defects  
Crystallite sizes

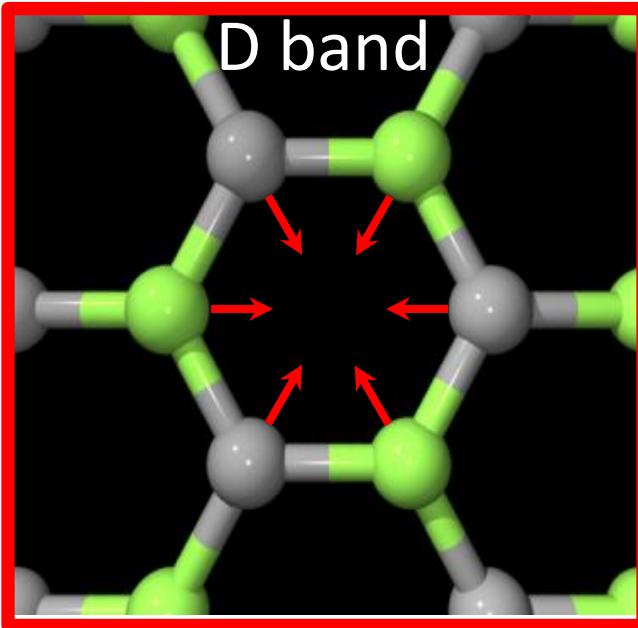
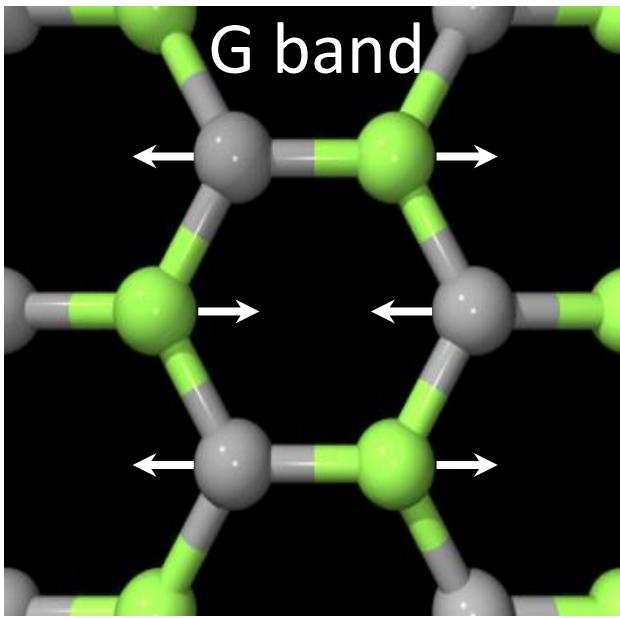


# 0D & 1D defects – two parameters

2D Mater. 4, 025039 (2017)

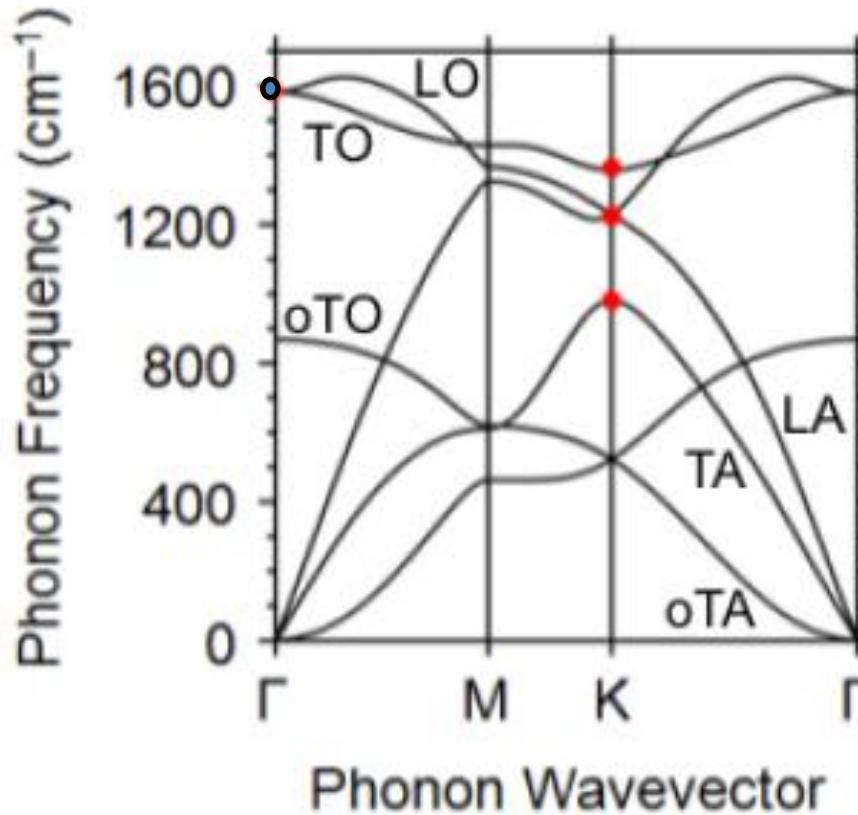


# Two parameters: (1) Symmetry breaking

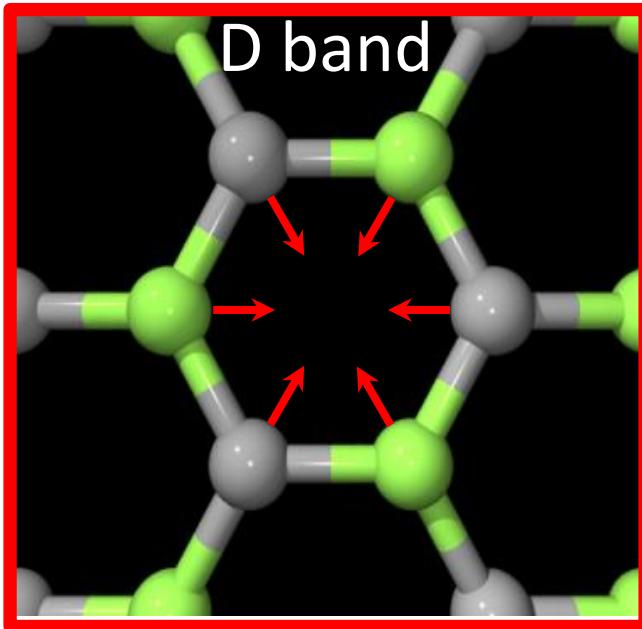
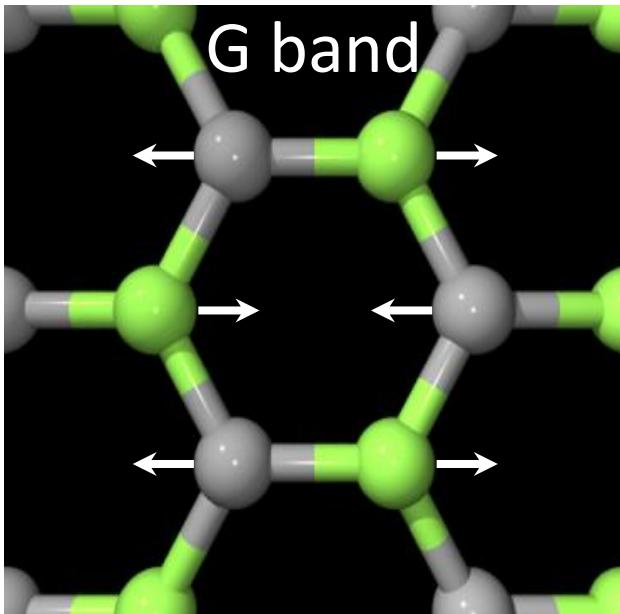


Activation of  $q \neq 0$  and other symmetry forbidden modes

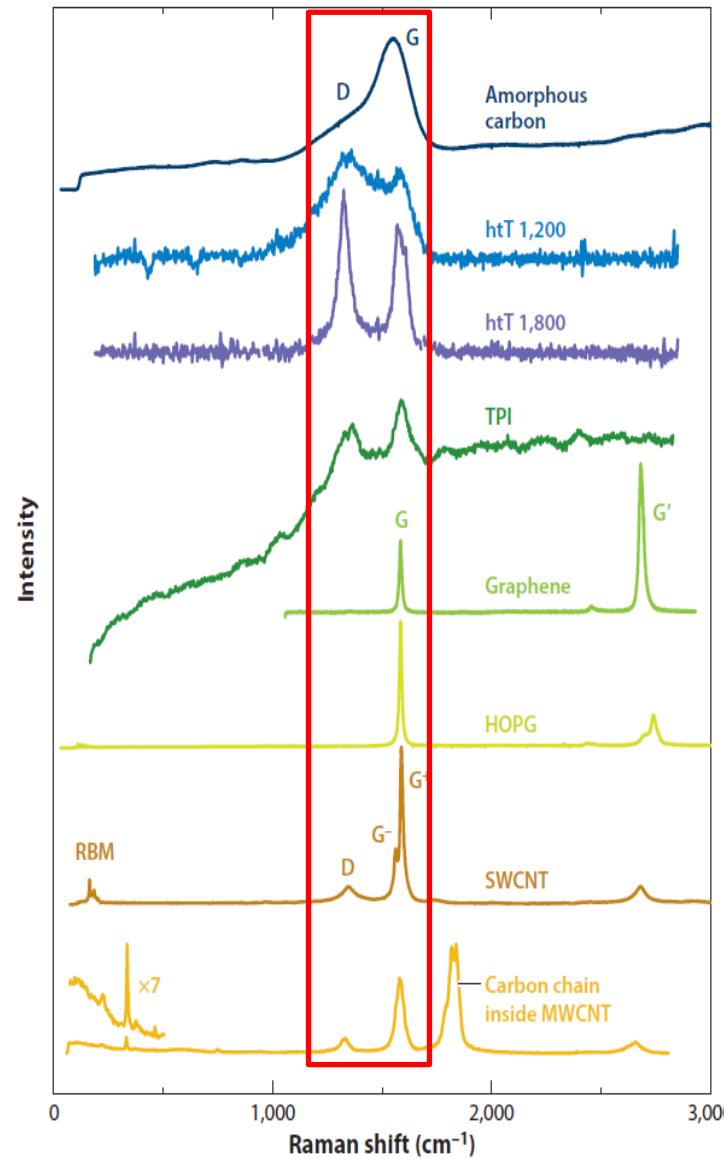
## OBSERVATION OF NEW PEAKS



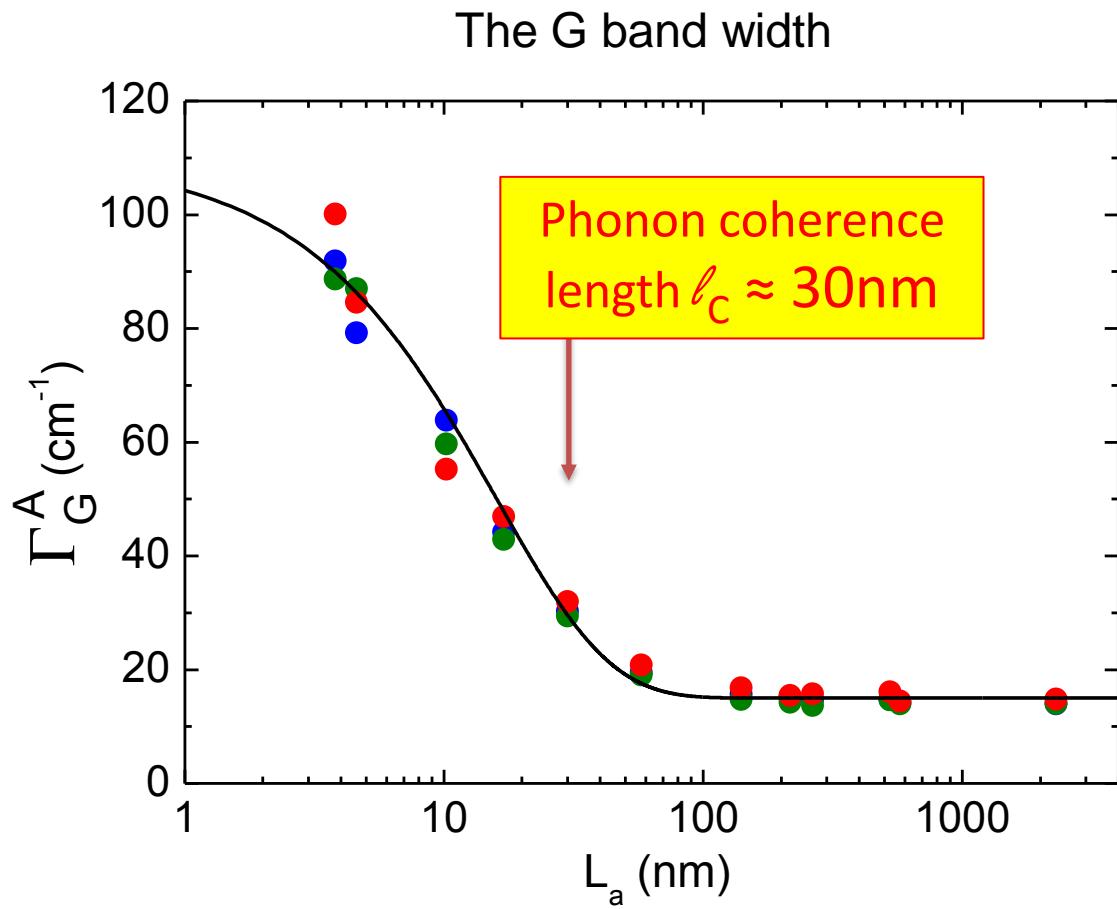
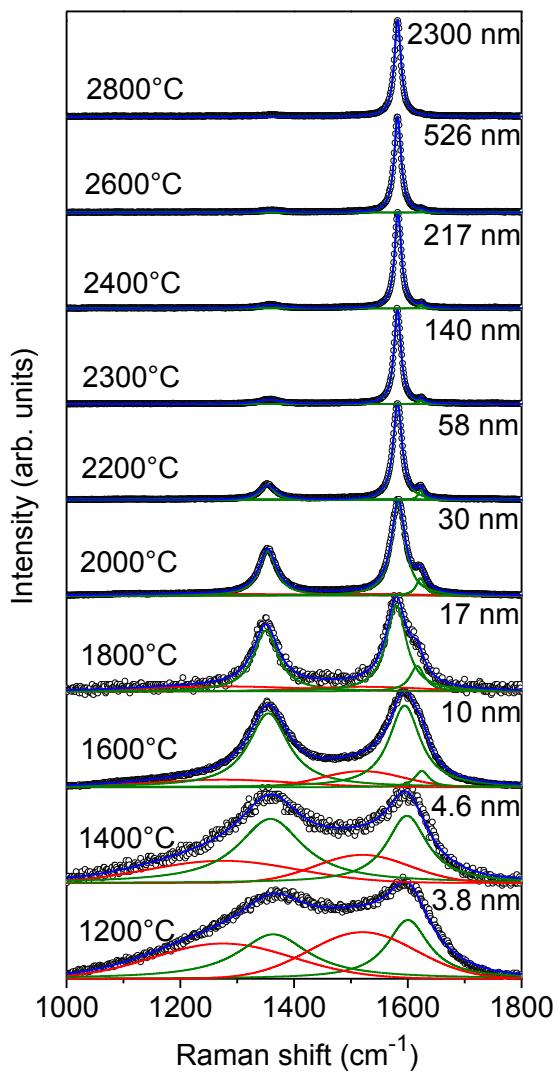
# Two parameters: (1) Symmetry breaking



Jorio and Souza Filho ARMR (2016)



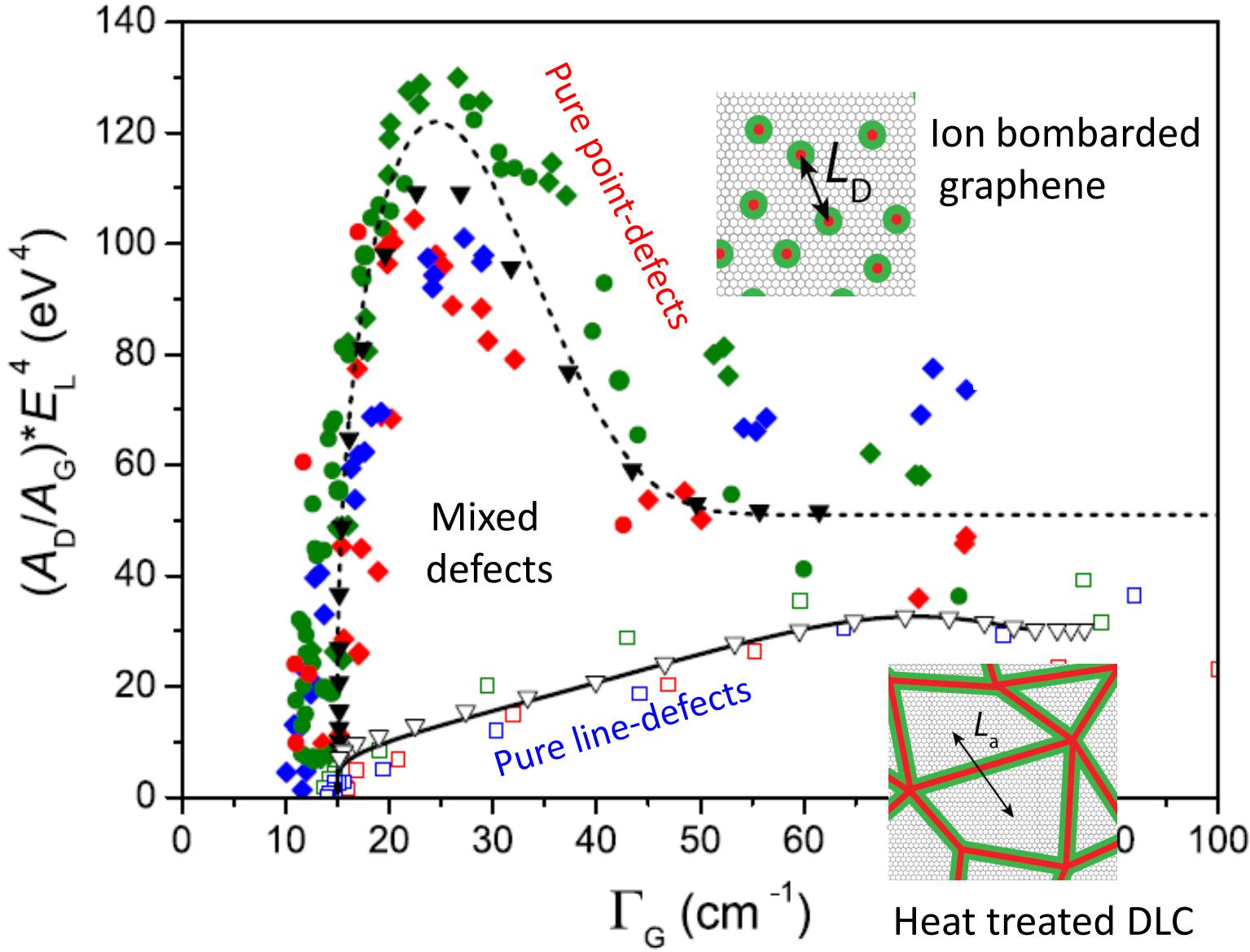
## Two parameters: (2) Phonon confinement



$$\Gamma_G^A(L_a) = \Gamma_G^A(\infty) + C e^{-L_a/(\ell_C/2)}$$

# Raman phase diagram (micro)

2D Mater. 4, 025039 (2017)



# Raman phase diagram (micro)

$$L_D^2 \text{ (nm}^2\text{)} = \frac{(4.3 \pm 1.3) \times 10^3}{E_L^4} \left( \frac{I_D}{I_G} \right)^{-1}$$

VALID FULL RANGE

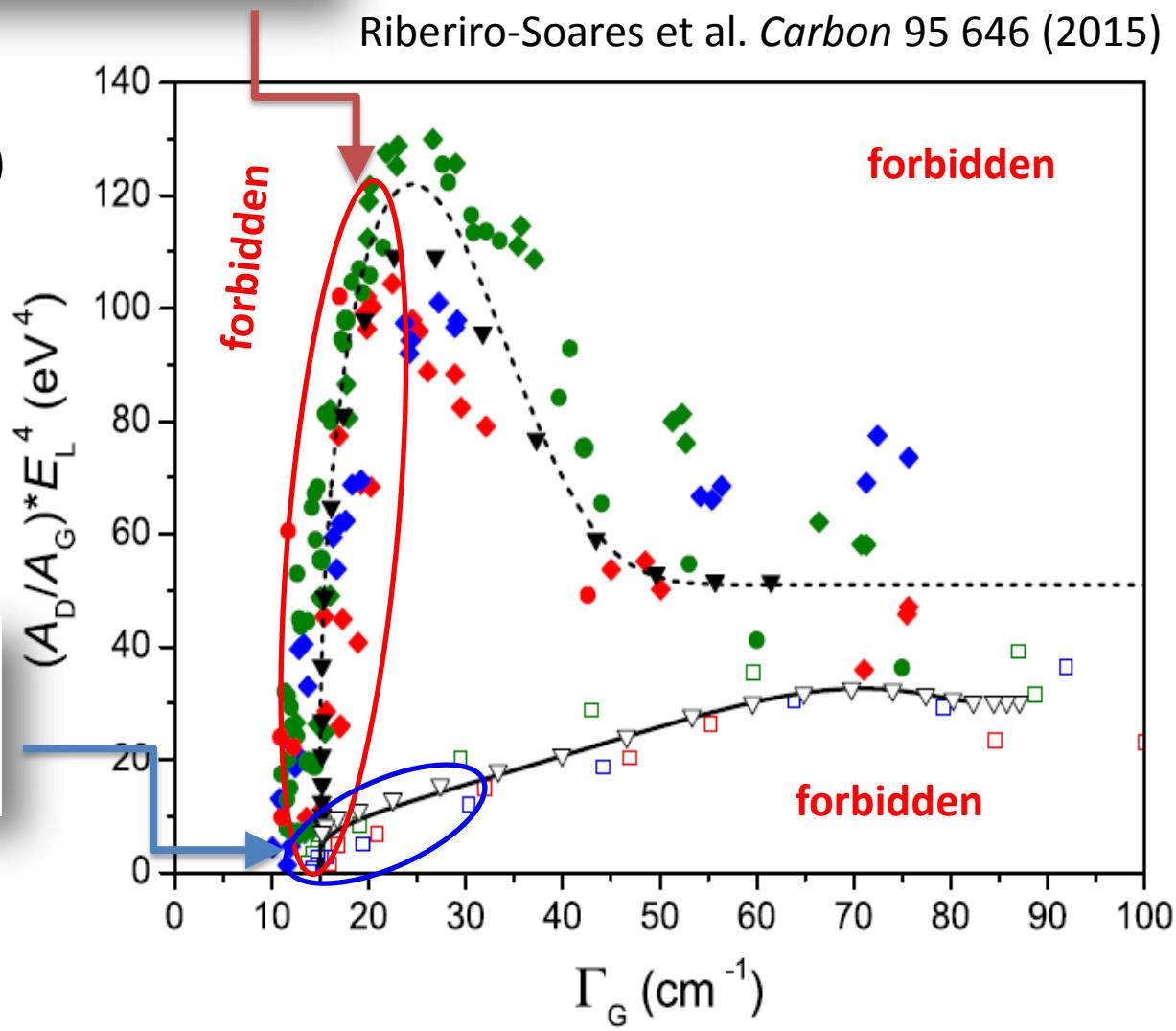
Lucchese-Cançado  
*Carbon 48, 1592 (2010)*  
*NanoLett 11, 3190 (2011)*

Not good for  
 $L_D < 7 \text{ nm}$

Tuinstra-Cançado  
*JCP53 (1970)*  
*APL88, 163106 (2006)*

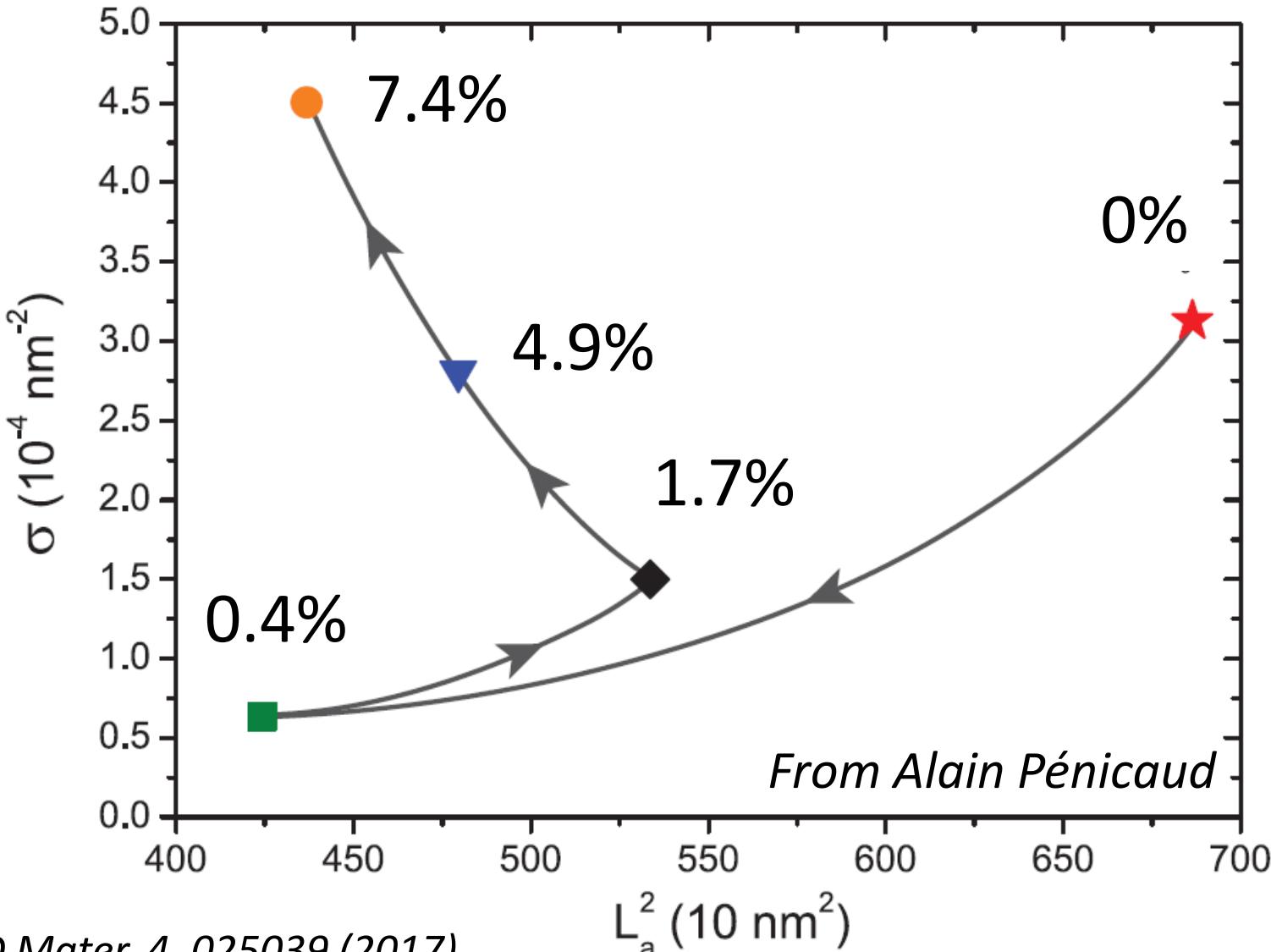
$$L_a(\text{nm}) = \frac{560}{E_L^4} \left( \frac{I_D}{I_G} \right)^{-1}$$

Not good for  
 $L_a < 30 \text{ nm}$



# Characterizing CVD grown graphene from natural gas

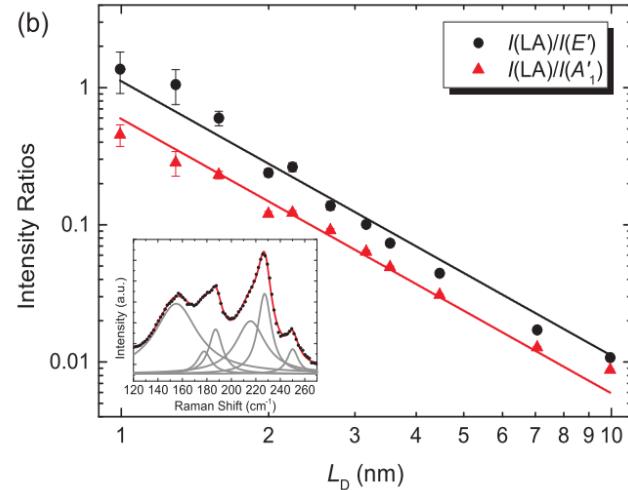
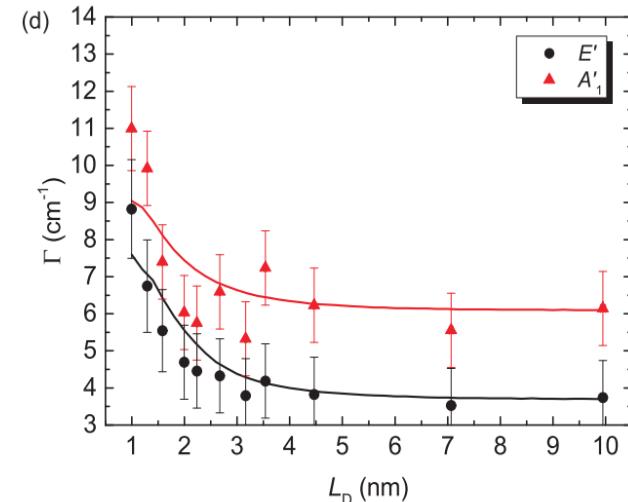
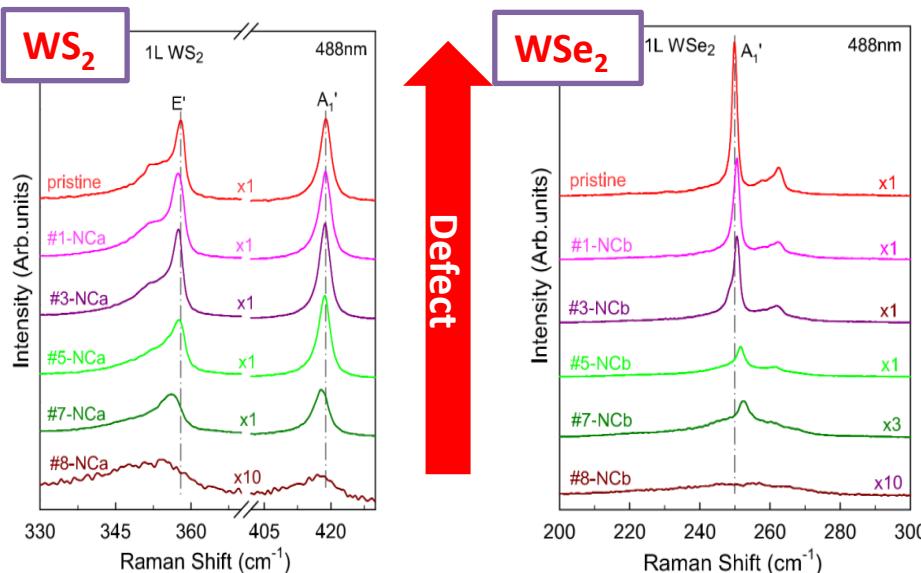
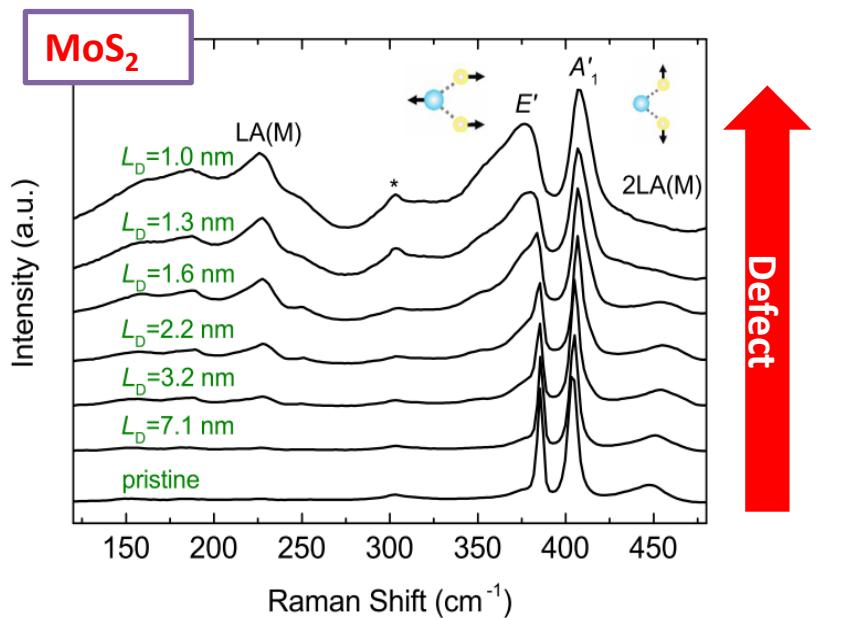
Methane with varying level of CO<sub>2</sub>



# Raman Spectrum of Defective TMDs

## (micro)

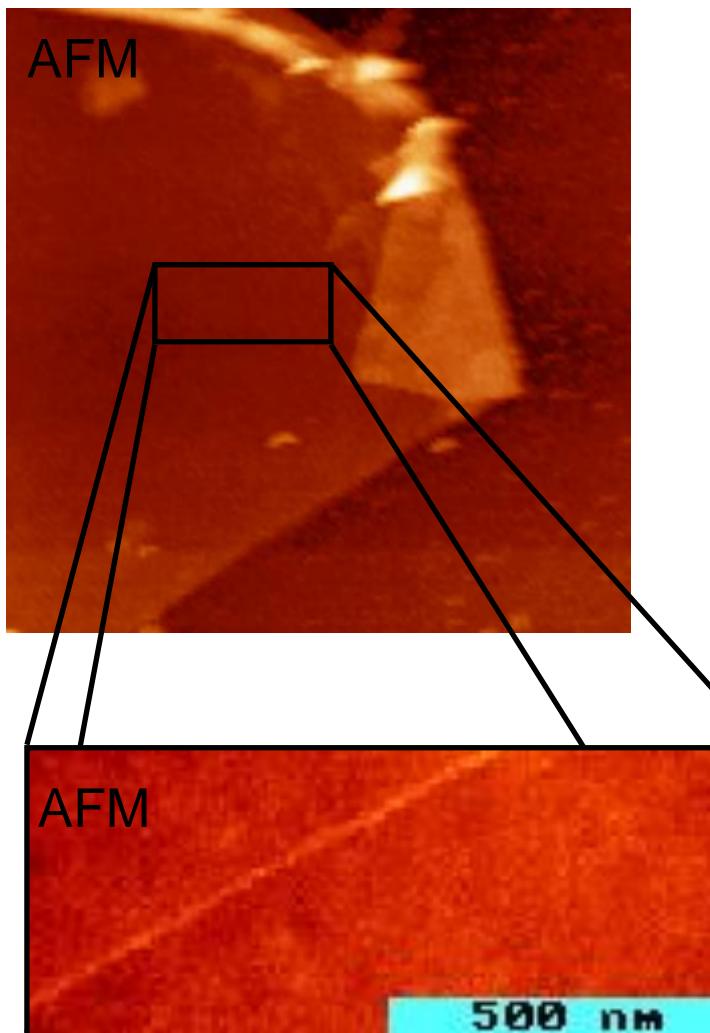
By Mauricio Terrones



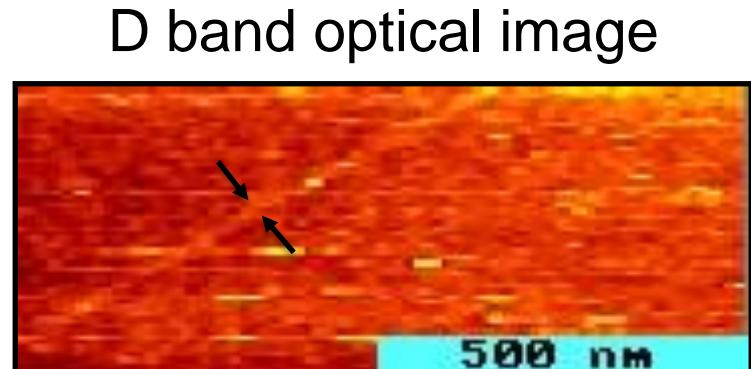
Width of 1st order mode and LA band intensity works as  $I_D/I_G$  in Graphene

# CROSSING THE DIFFRACTION LIMIT (nano)

## Optical (D band) imaging of a graphene step



D band image with  
20nm resolution

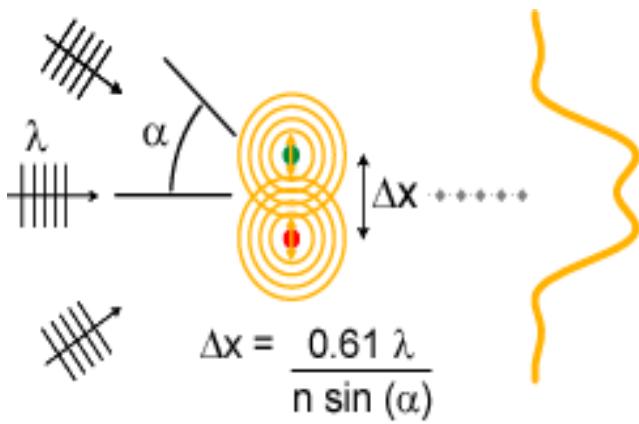


By Huihong Qian, Ado Jorio and Achim Hartschuh (2004). Unpublished.

# Tip Enhanced (nano)Raman Spectroscopy

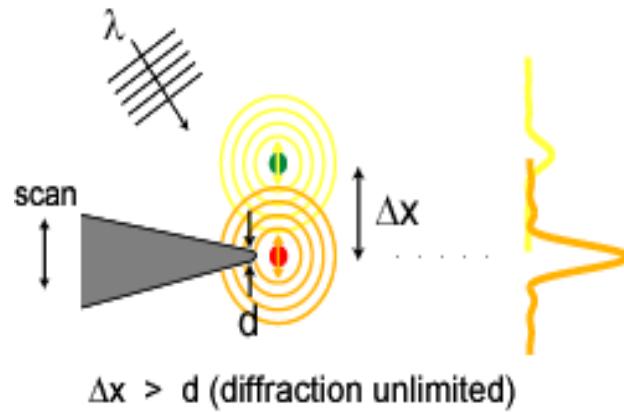
## special resolution beyond the diffraction limit

Conventional microscope



Abbé, Arch. Mikrosk., Anat., (1873).

“Near-field” microscope



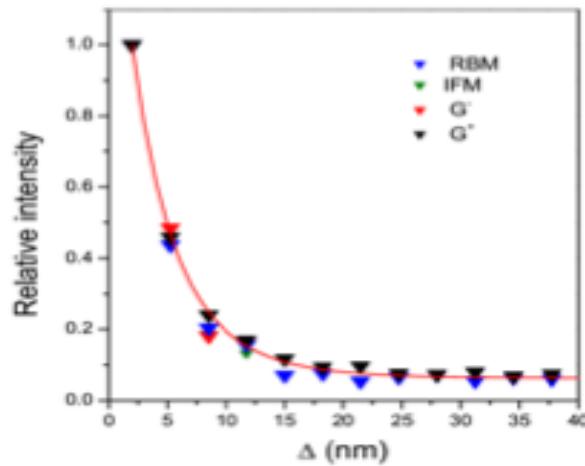
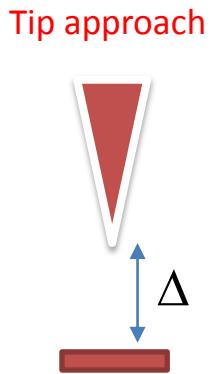
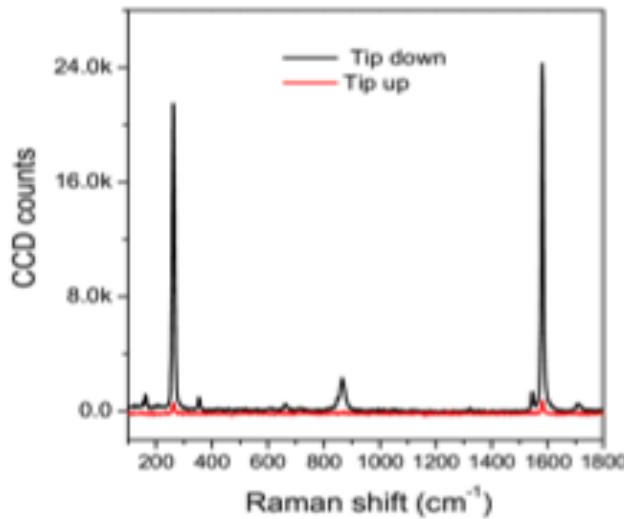
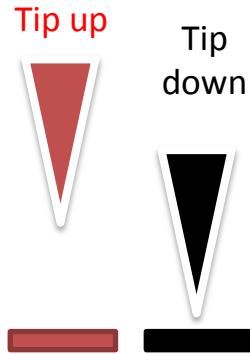
Wessel, JOSA B, (1985).

Novotny et al., Ultramicroscopy, (1998).

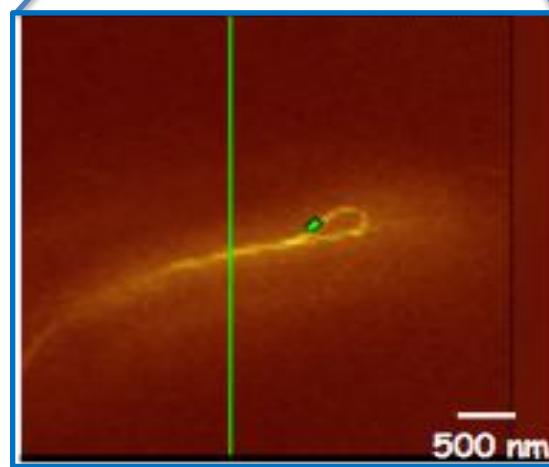
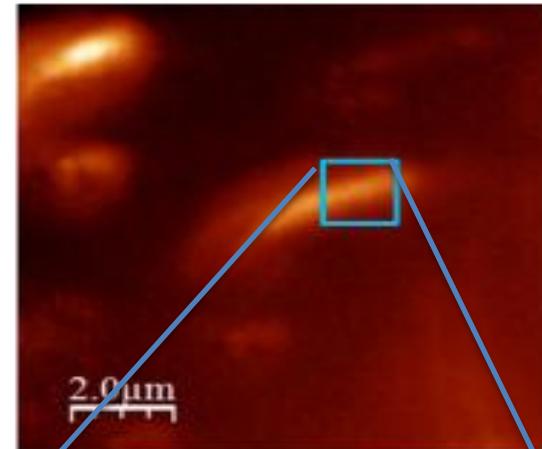
Important contributors to TERS development: Zenobi (ETH), Volker (Jena), Novotny (ETH), Kawata (Japan), Hartschuh (Munich), Dong (China) and many others...

# Tip up (micro) – Tip down (nano)

IN CARBON NANOTUBES, FIRST MEASURED BY ACHIM HARTSCHUH, PRL 2003



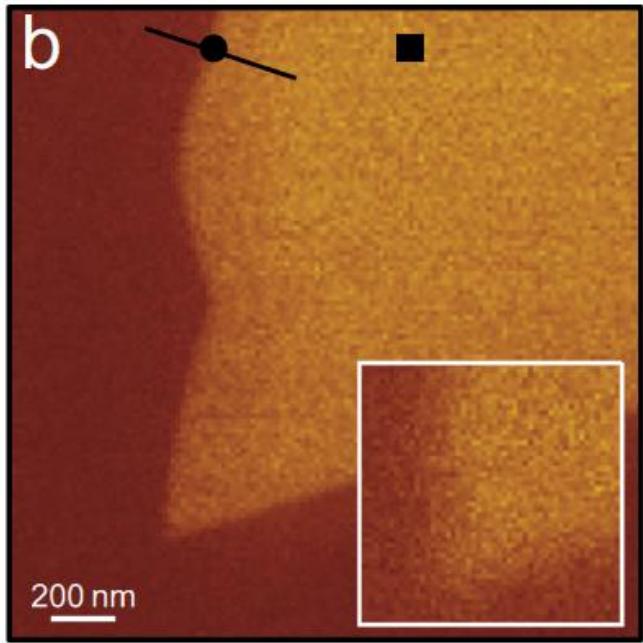
Cancado et al. PRL 103, 186101 (2009)



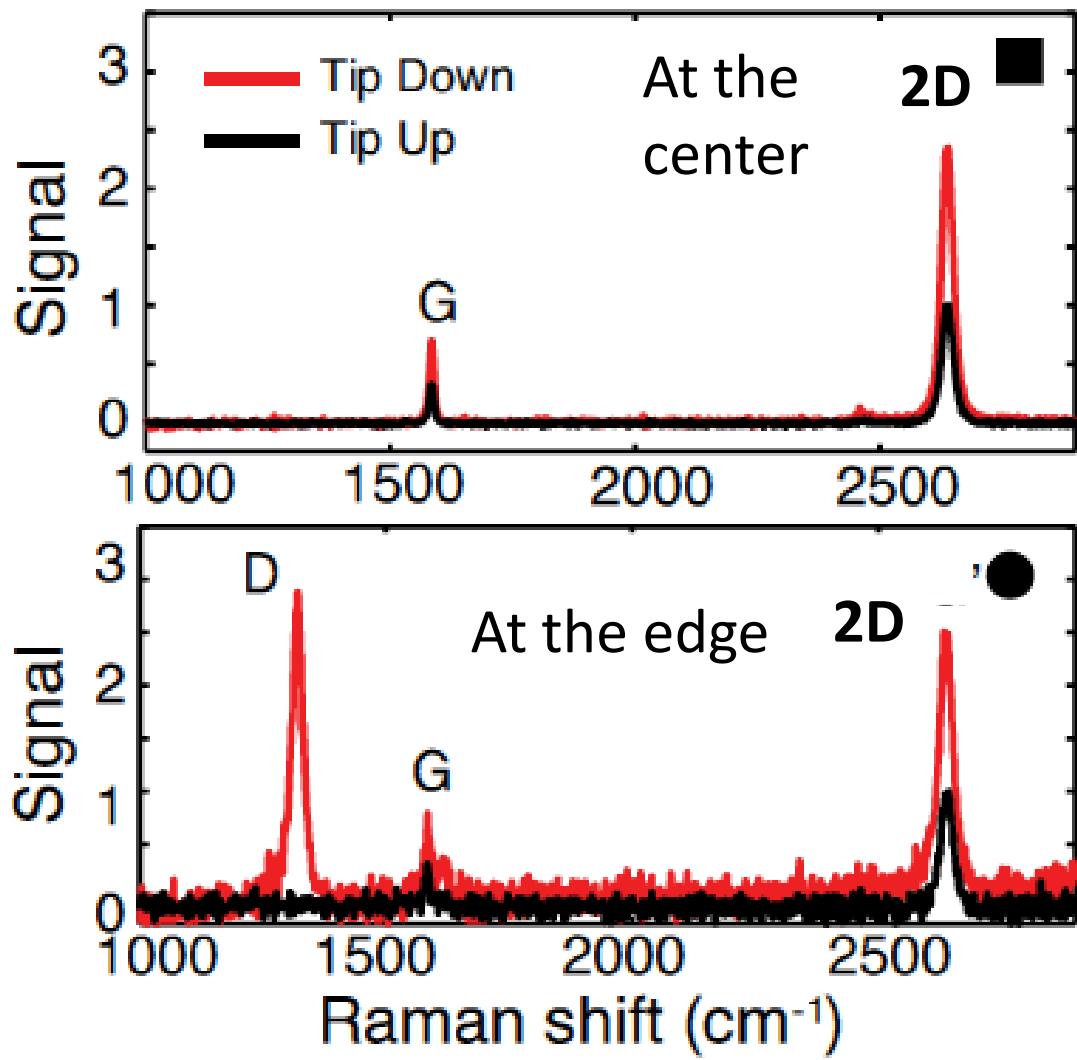
Jorio & Cancado  
PCCP 14, 15246 (2012)

# The problem of TERS on 2D - graphene

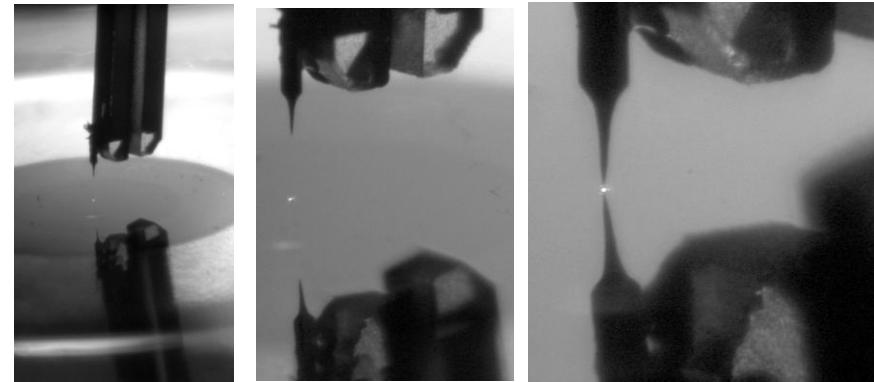
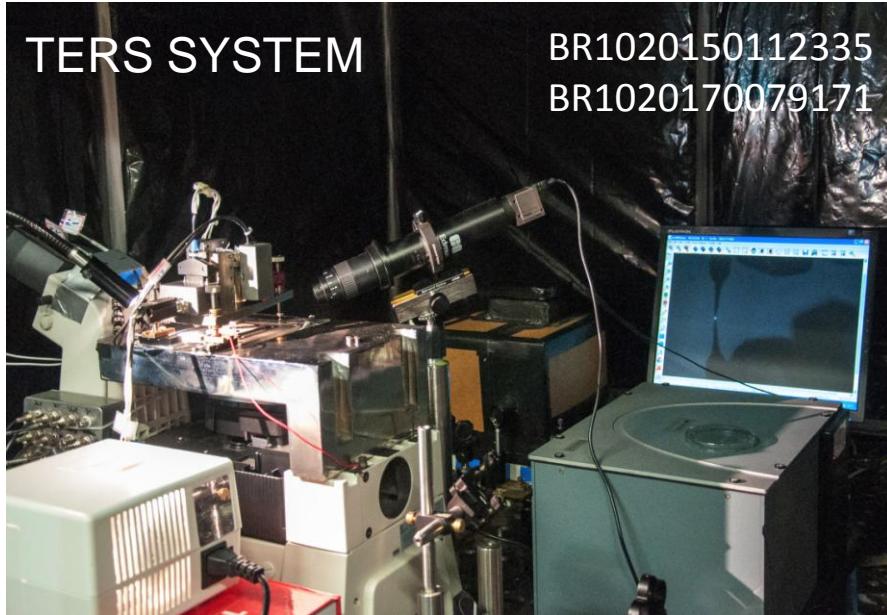
10,000 enhancement on a 10,000 smaller area gives basically no spectral enhancement



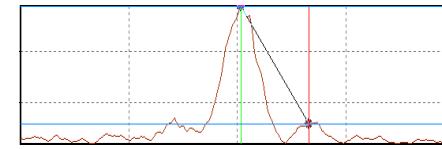
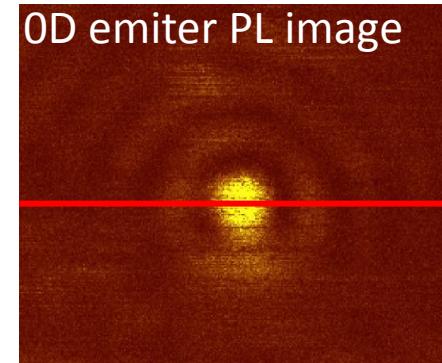
*Beams et al.*  
*PRL 113, 186101 (2014)*



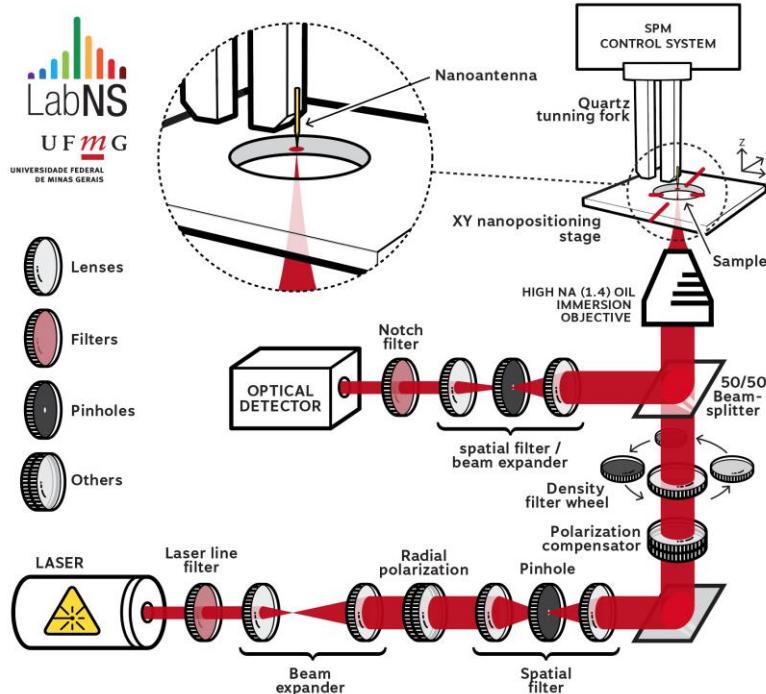
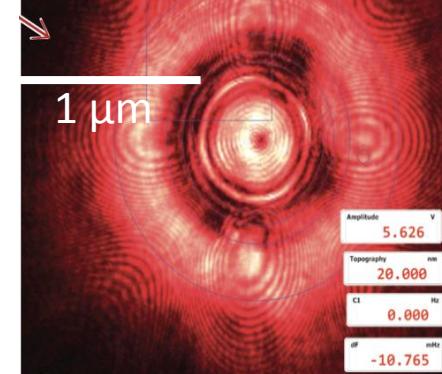
## TERS SYSTEM

BR1020150112335  
BR1020170079171

0D emitter PL image



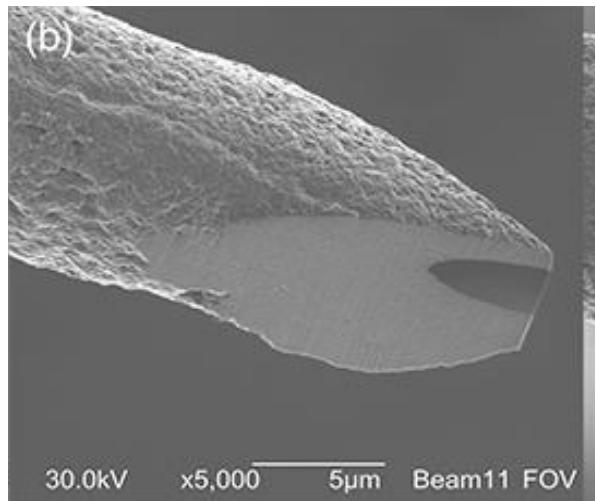
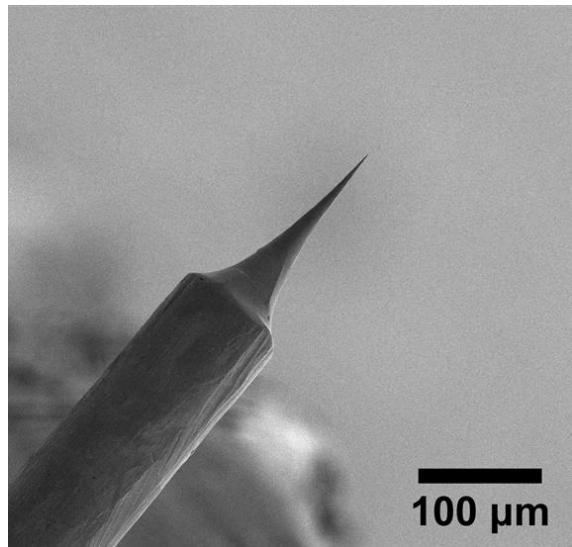
(d) Eyepiece image



Radial polarized excitation field

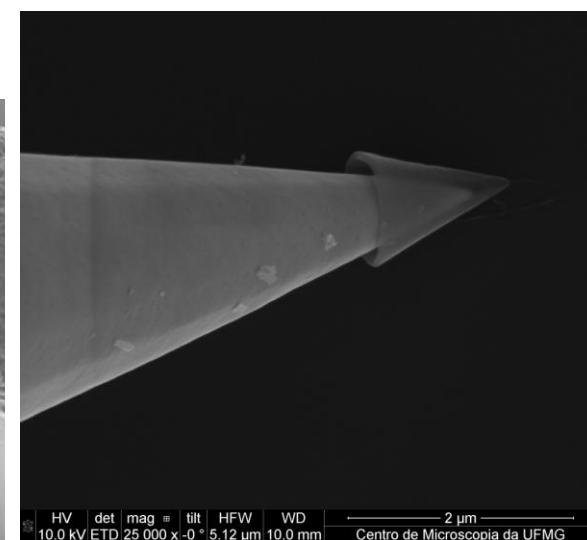
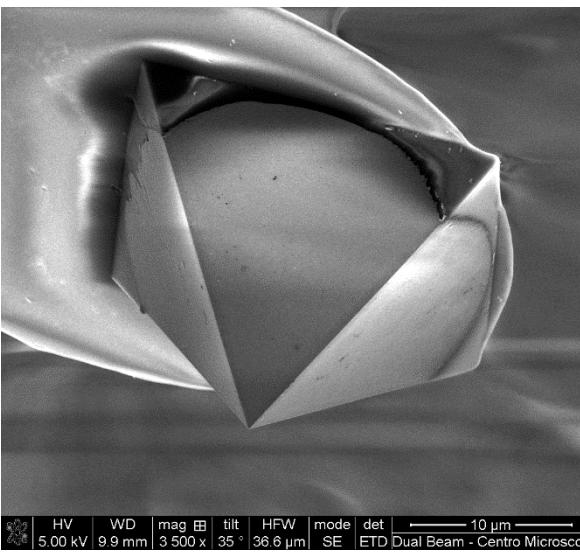
# Tip development

Chemical etched Au-tips  
NIGHTMARE!



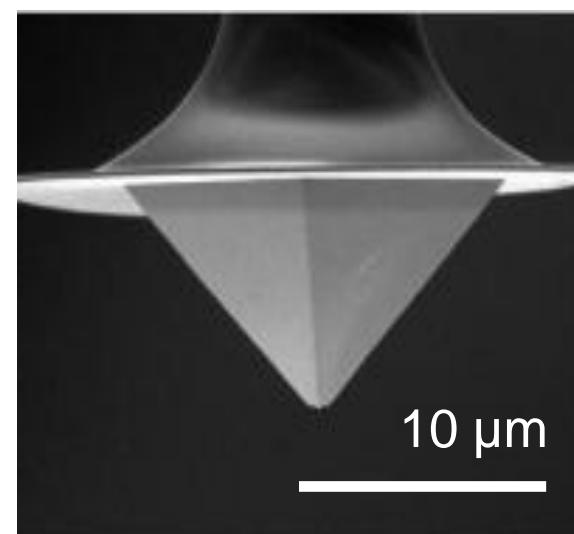
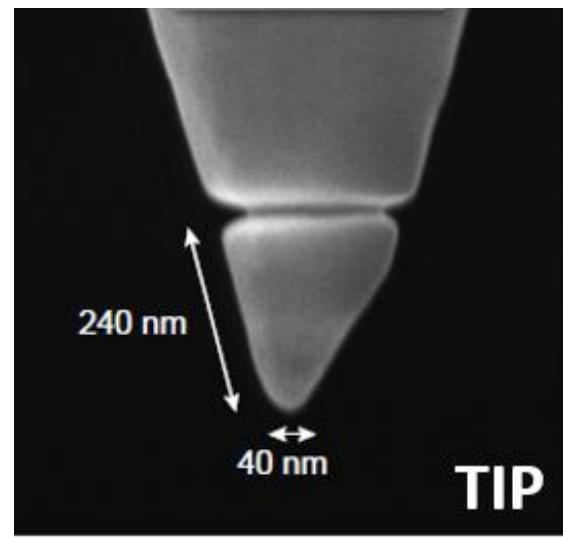
PI 1105968-0  
BR 1020120333040

T. W. Johnson et al.  
ACS Nano 6, 9168 (2012)



Cano-Marquez et al.  
Scientific Reports, 5:10408 (2015)  
BR 1020120269732

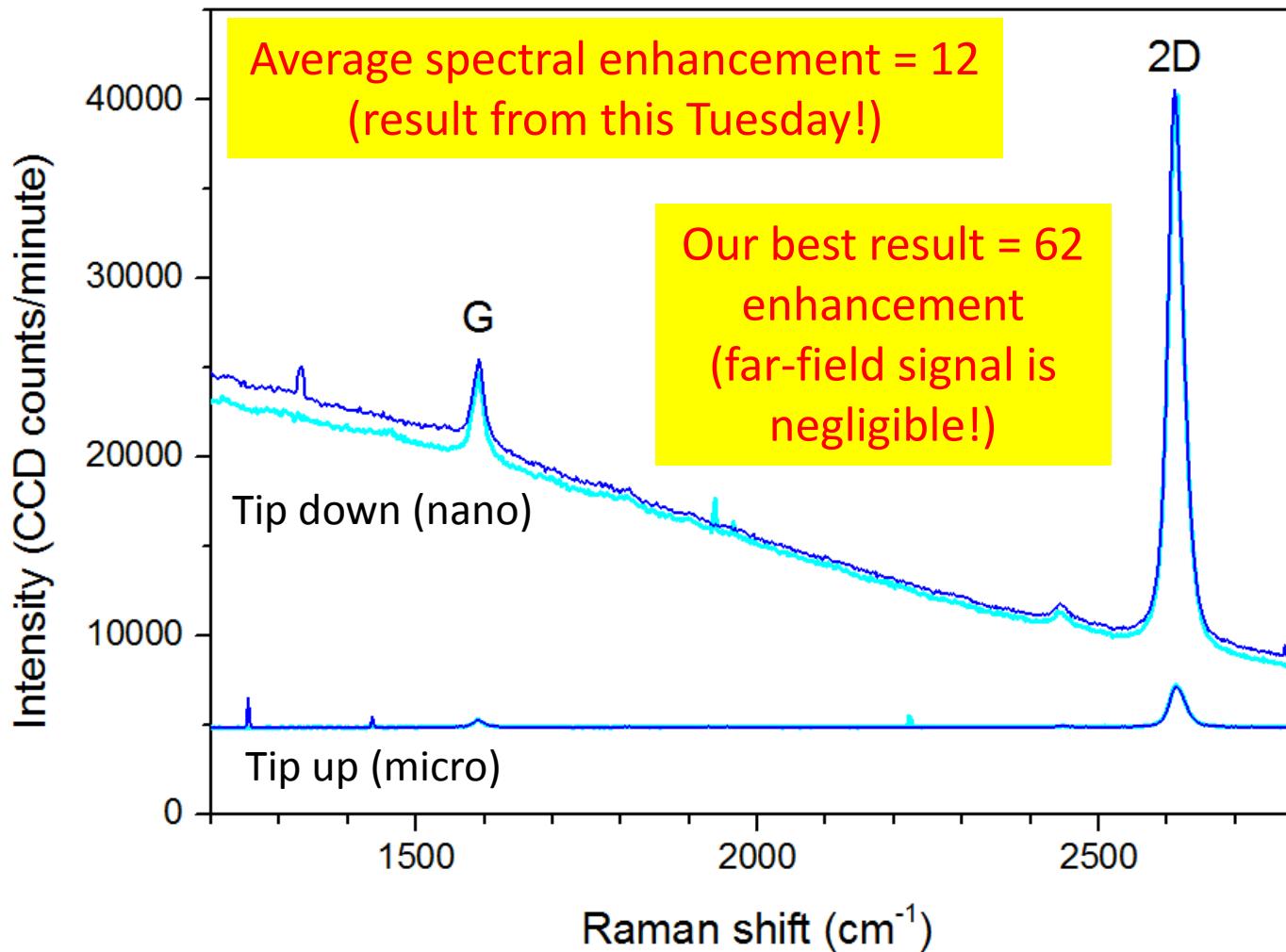
T. L. Vasconcelos et al.,  
ACS Nano 9, 6297 (2015)  
BR1020150103522



To appear in Adv. Opt. Mater.  
BR1020150312032  
BR1020160291267

# Tip up (micro) – Tip down (nano)

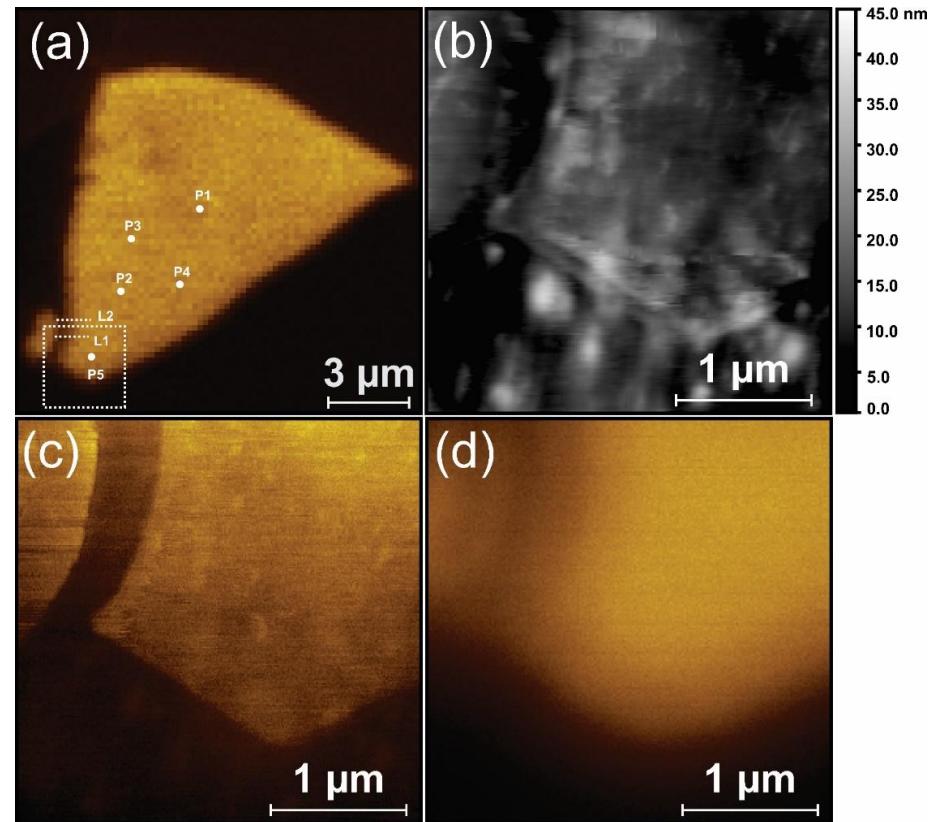
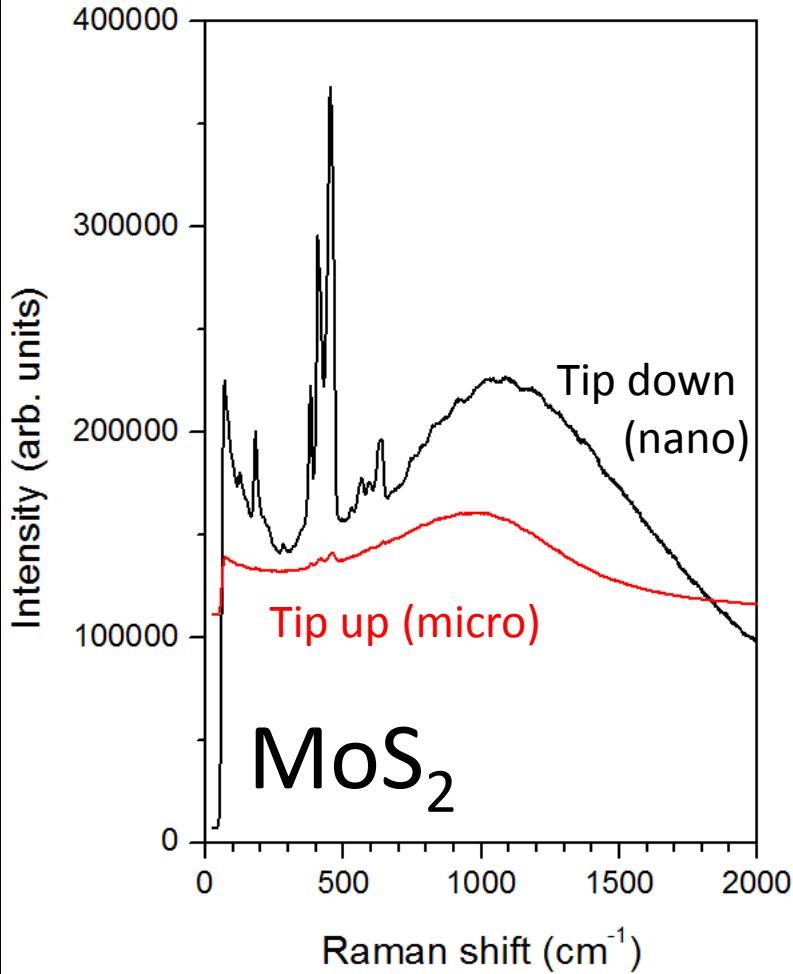
## Raman on graphene



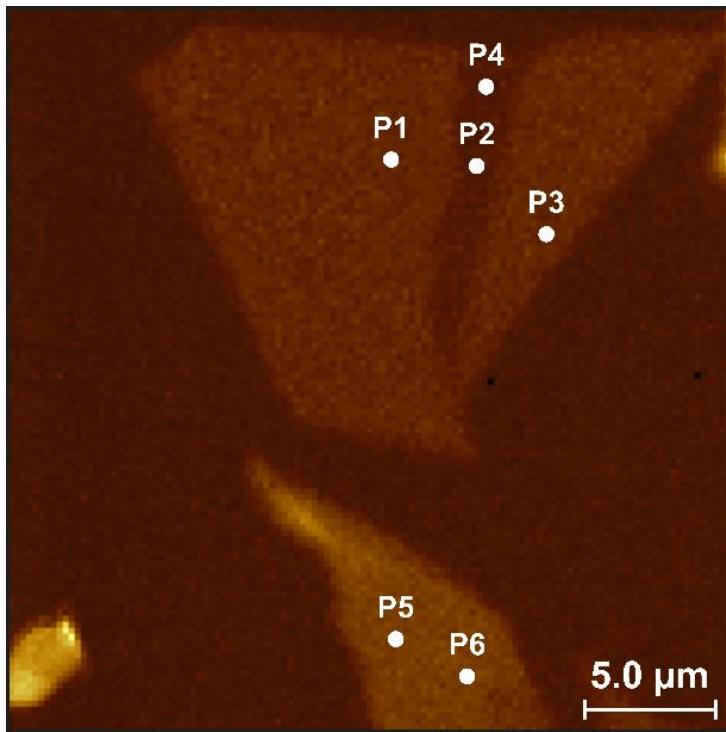
# Tip up (micro) – Tip down (nano)

## Raman on transition metal dichalcogenide

Average spectral enhancement = 60 (far-field signal is negligible!)

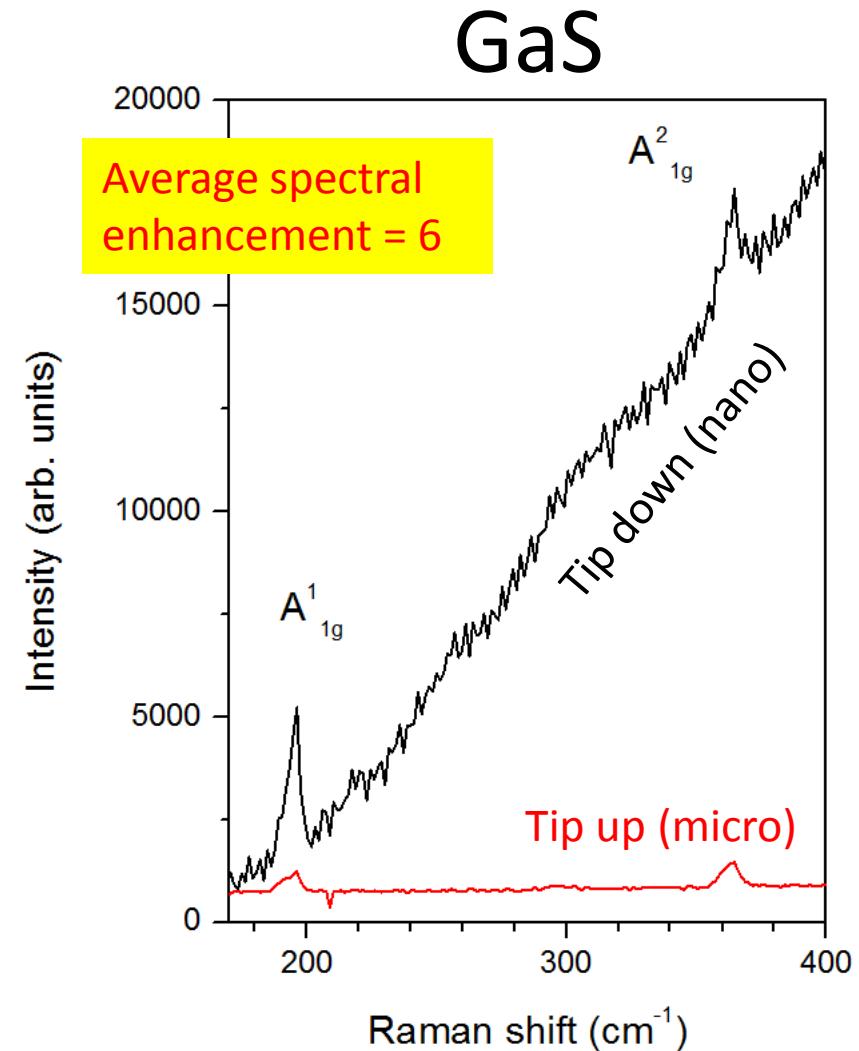


By Rafael Silva Alencar



# Tip up (micro) – Tip down (nano)

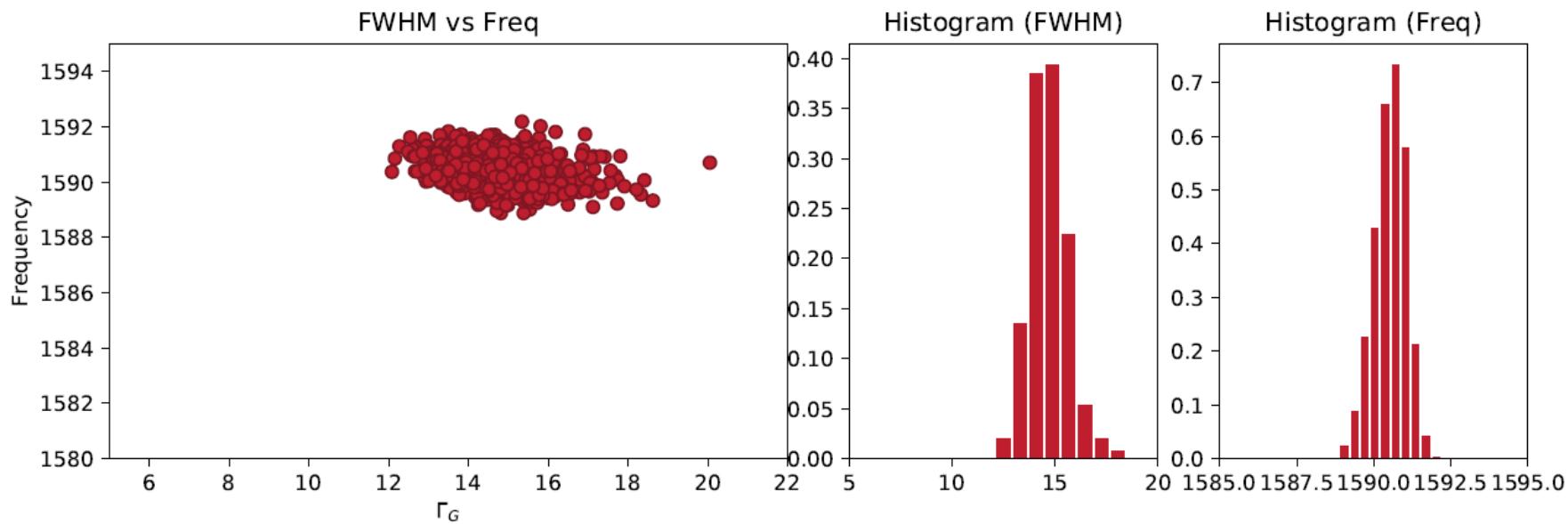
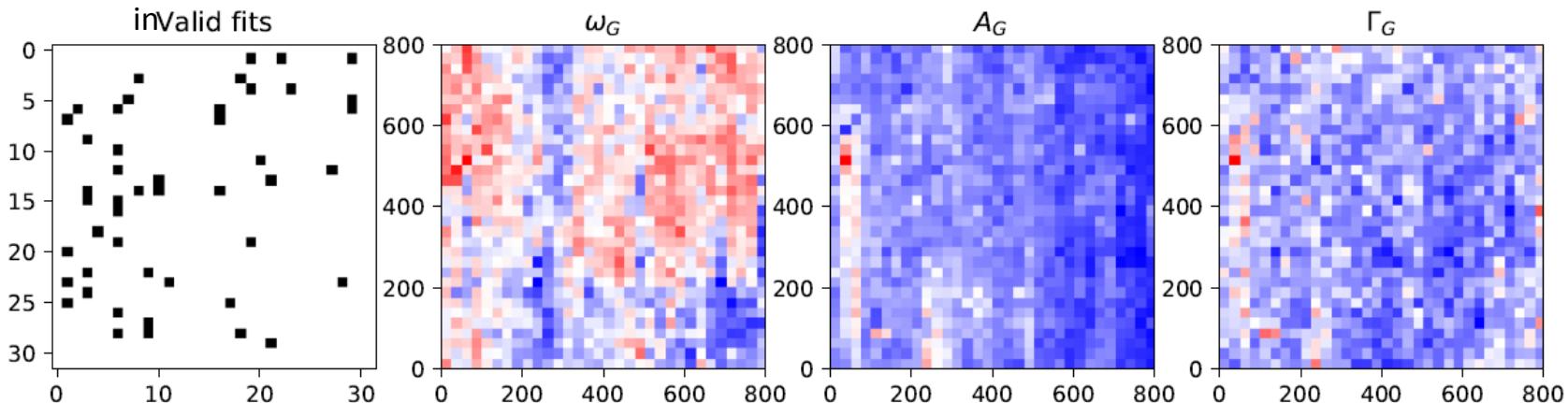
Raman on transition metal monochalcogenide



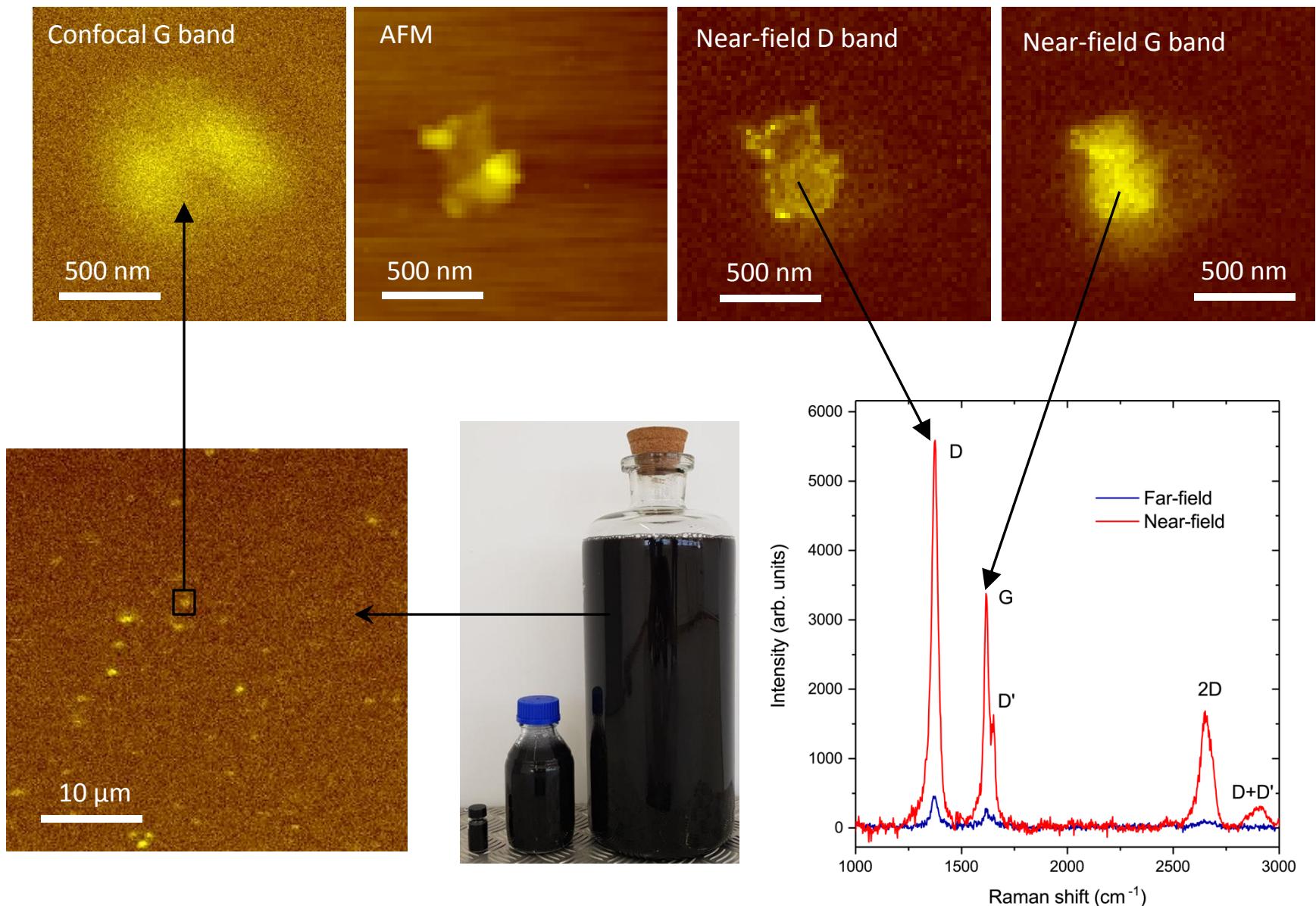
By Rafael Silva Alencar

# Tip up (micro) – Tip down (nano)

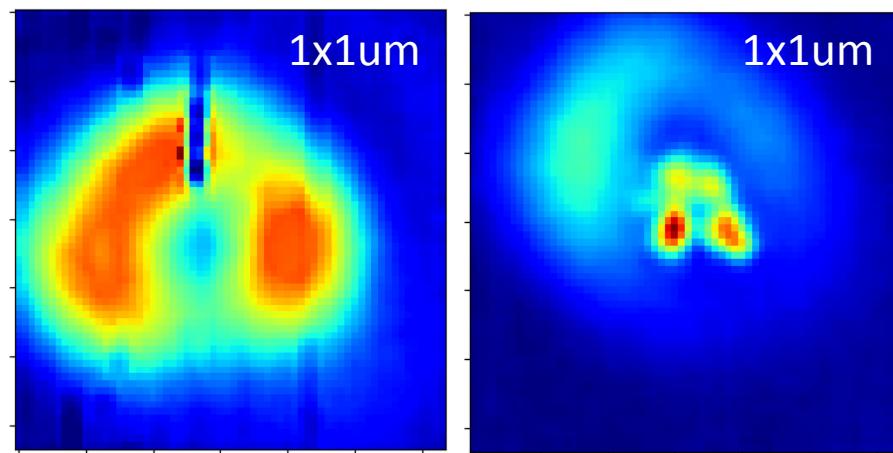
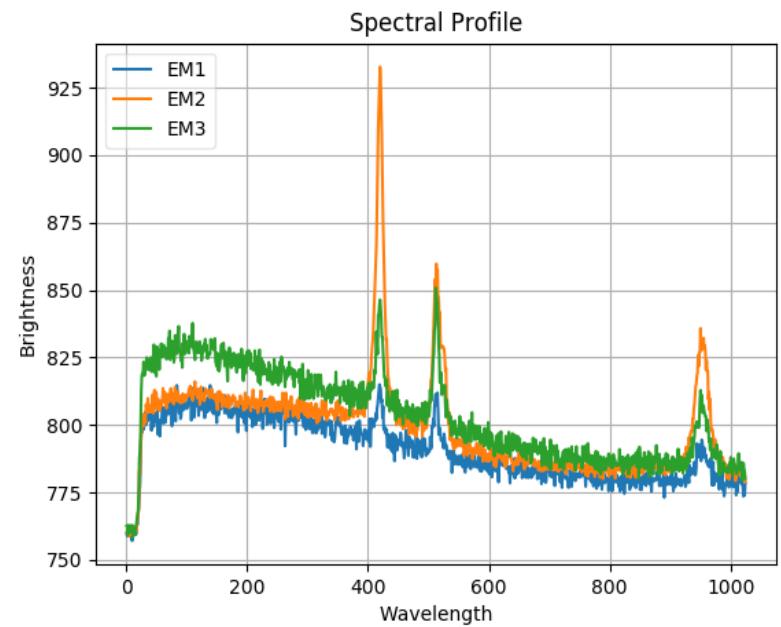
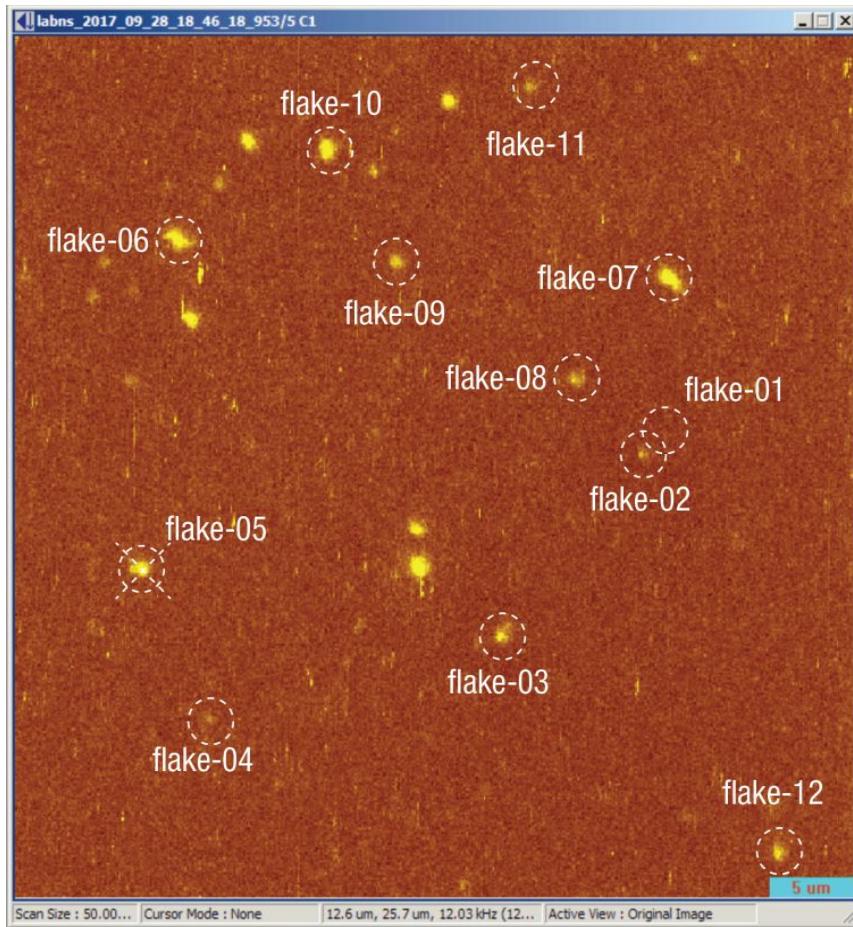
## Raman G band on graphene



# Nano-Raman of liquid-phase exfoliated graphene (nanoflakes) deposited on a glass coverslip



# Nano-Raman of liquid-phase exfoliated graphene (nanoflakes) deposited on a glass coverslip

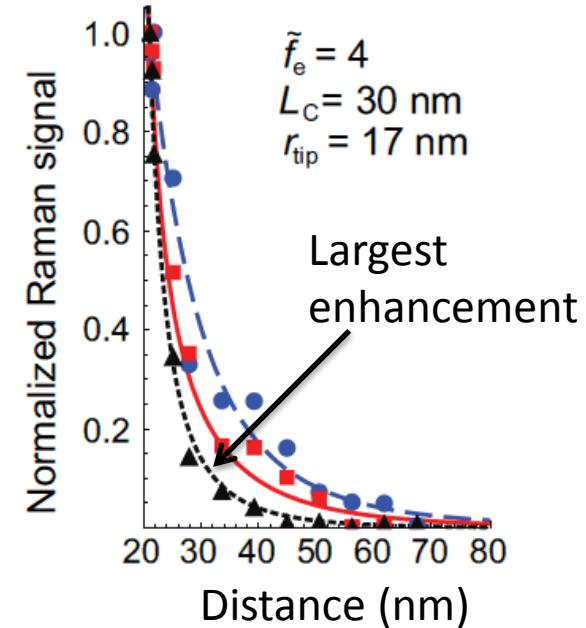
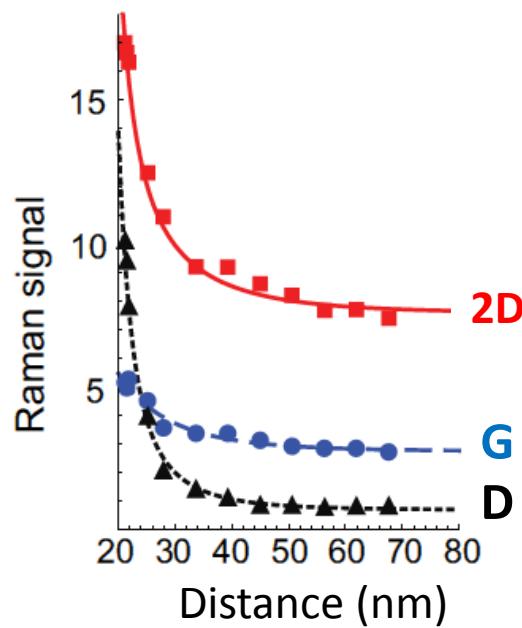
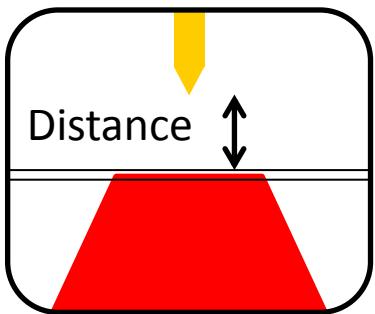


# Spatially coherent near-field Raman

$$S(r_0) \propto \int \int \overleftrightarrow{G}^*(r_1) \overleftrightarrow{G}(r_2) \langle \vec{p}(r_1)^* \vec{p}(r_2) \rangle d^3 r_1 d^3 r_2$$

$$= \int \int \langle \overleftrightarrow{\alpha}_{r_1}^* \overleftrightarrow{\alpha}_{r_2} \rangle [\overleftrightarrow{G}(r_1) \vec{E}(r_1)]^* \overleftrightarrow{G}(r_2) \vec{E}(r_2) d^3 r_1 d^3 r_2$$

Tip approach curves



Phonon coherence length  
 $\ell_c = 30\text{nm}$

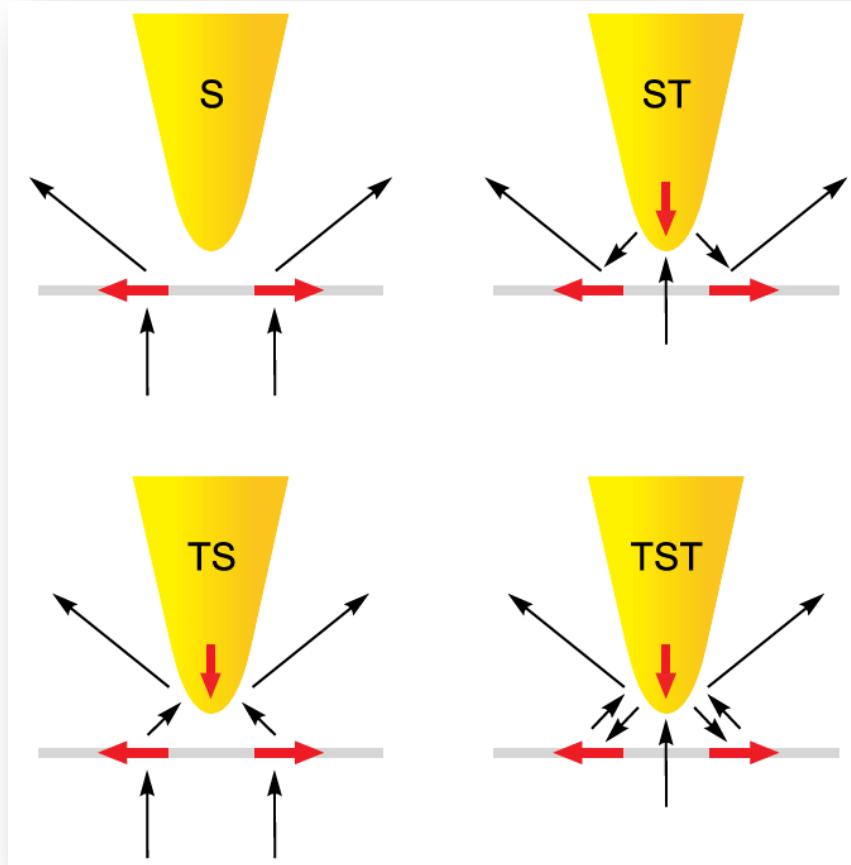
# Calculation for Raman Scattering

$$S \propto V \left| \hat{\epsilon} \cdot \vec{\alpha} \vec{E} \right|^2$$

Valid for incoherent Raman

# Calculation for spatially coherent near-field Raman

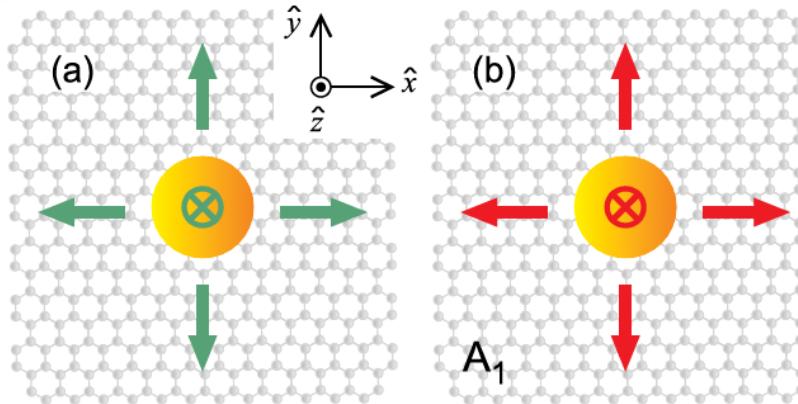
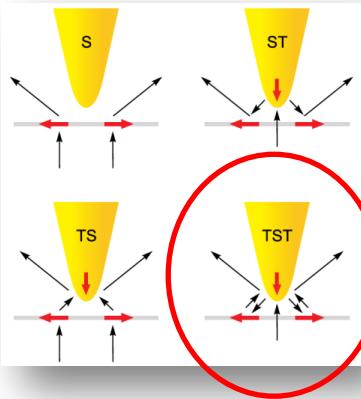
$$\begin{aligned} S(r_0) &\propto \int \int \hat{\vec{G}}^*(r_1) \hat{\vec{G}}(r_2) \langle \vec{p}(r_1)^* \vec{p}(r_2) \rangle d^3 r_1 d^3 r_2 \\ &= \int \int \langle \hat{\vec{\alpha}}_{r_1}^* \hat{\vec{\alpha}}_{r_2} \rangle [\hat{\vec{G}}(r_1) \vec{E}(r_1)]^* \hat{\vec{G}}(r_2) \vec{E}(r_2) d^3 r_1 d^3 r_2 \end{aligned}$$



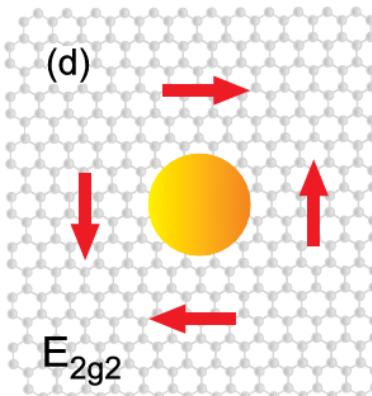
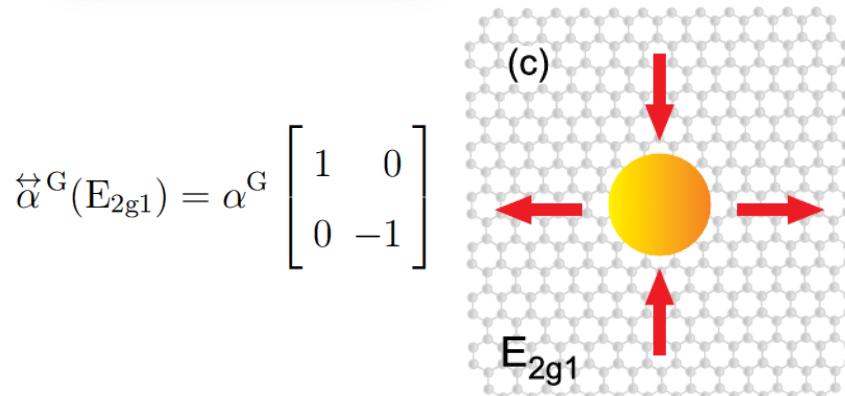
# Calculation for spatially coherent near-field Raman

$$S(r_0) \propto \int \int \overleftrightarrow{G}^*(r_1) \overleftrightarrow{G}(r_2) \langle \vec{p}(r_1)^* \vec{p}(r_2) \rangle d^3 r_1 d^3 r_2$$

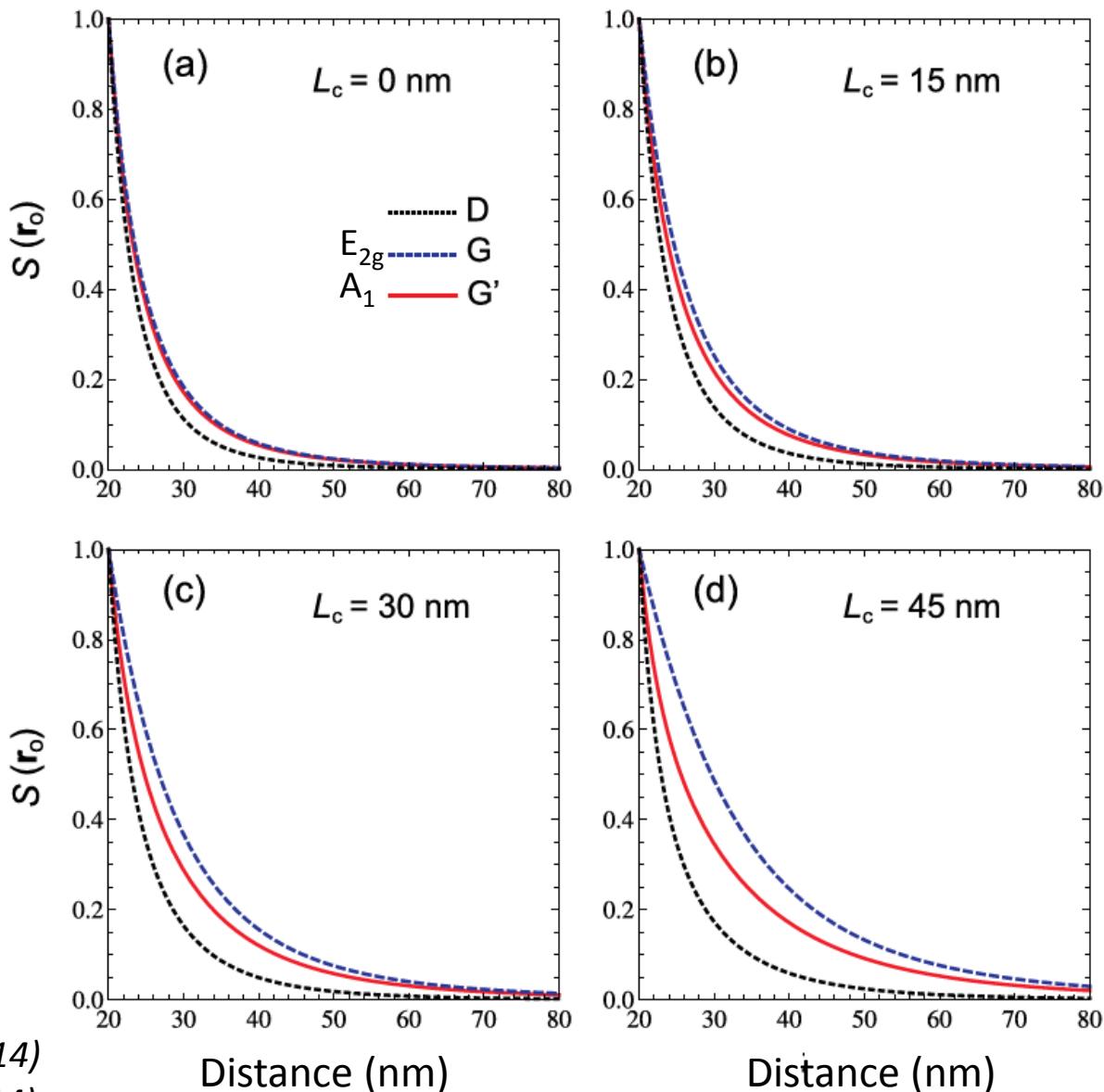
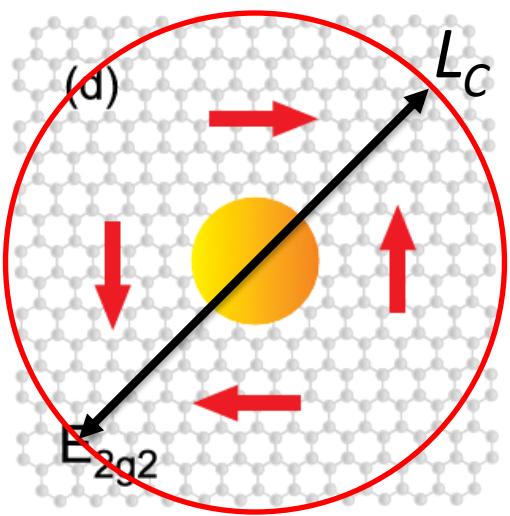
$$= \int \int \langle \overleftrightarrow{\alpha}_{r_1}^* \overleftrightarrow{\alpha}_{r_2} \rangle [\overleftrightarrow{G}(r_1) \vec{E}(r_1)]^* \overleftrightarrow{G}(r_2) \vec{E}(r_2) d^3 r_1 d^3 r_2$$



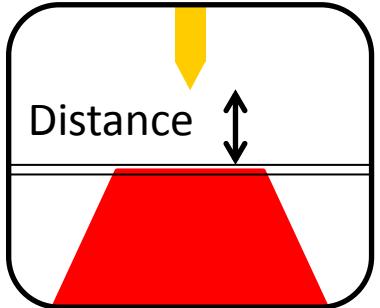
$$\overleftrightarrow{\alpha}^{D,G'}(A_1) = \alpha^{D,G'} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



# Calculation for spatially coherent near-field Raman



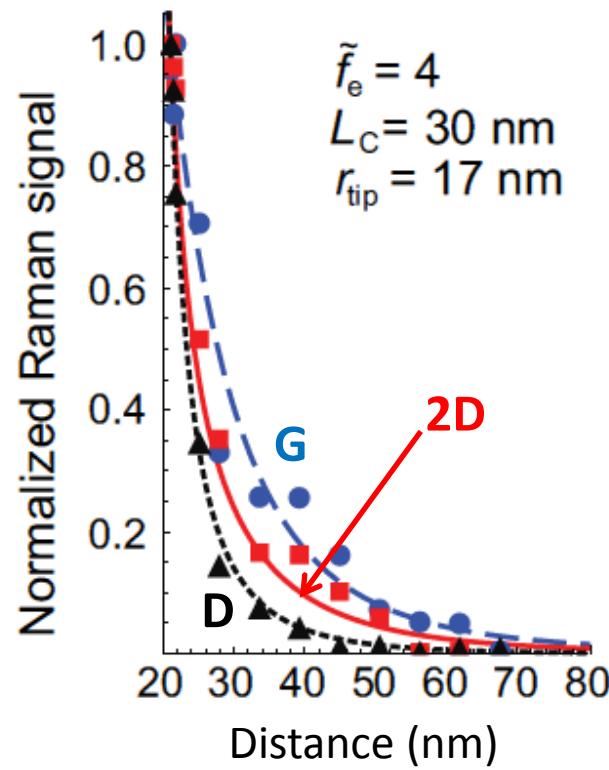
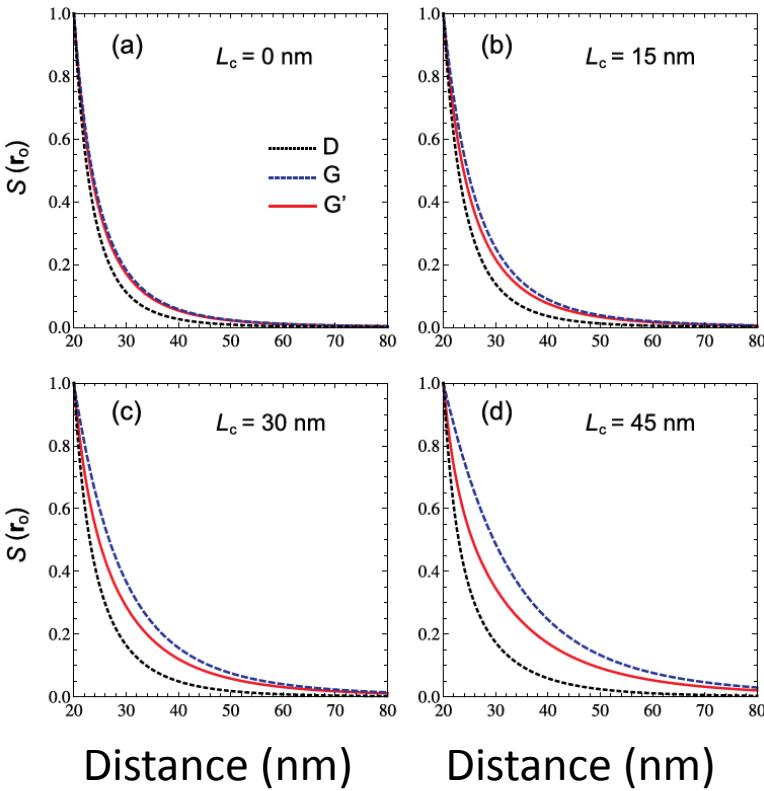
Tip approach curves



Beams et al. PRL 113, 186101 (2014)  
Cancado et al. PRX 4, 031054 (2014)

# Phonon symmetry dependent spatial coherence

$$\begin{aligned} S(r_0) &\propto \int \int \overleftrightarrow{G}^*(r_1) \overleftrightarrow{G}(r_2) \langle \vec{p}(r_1)^* \vec{p}(r_2) \rangle d^3 r_1 d^3 r_2 \\ &= \int \int \langle \overleftrightarrow{\alpha}_{r_1}^* \overleftrightarrow{\alpha}_{r_2} \rangle [\overleftrightarrow{G}(r_1) \vec{E}(r_1)]^* \overleftrightarrow{G}(r_2) \vec{E}(r_2) d^3 r_1 d^3 r_2 \end{aligned}$$

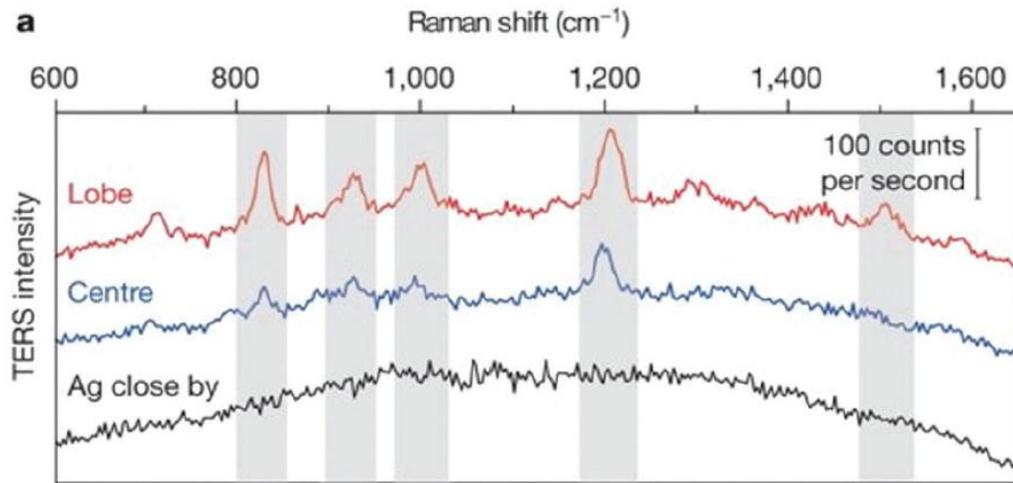


Coherence length  
 $L_c = 30 \text{ nm}$

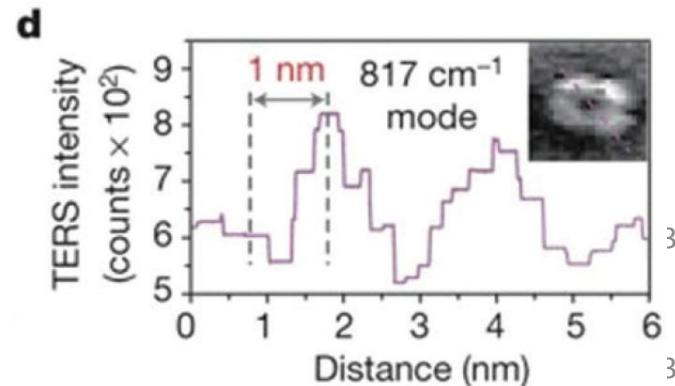
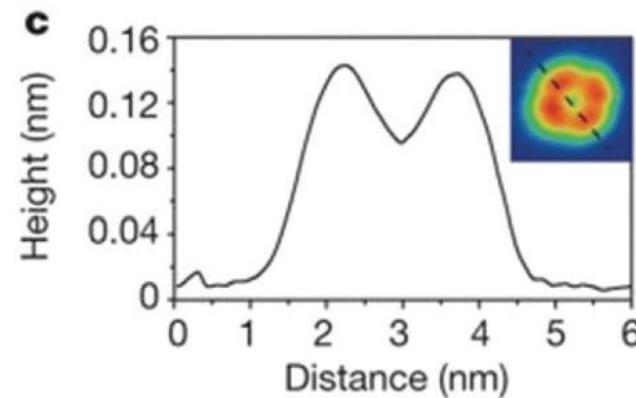
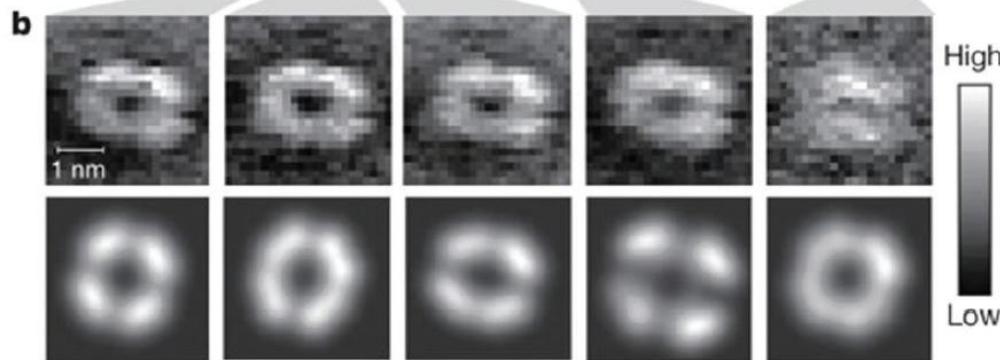
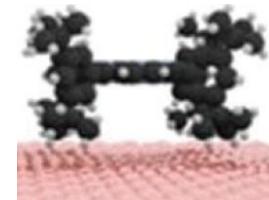
# The future of nano-Raman (reaching resolutions better than 1nm)

*R. Zhang et al. Nature 498, 82–86 (2013)*

Ultra high vacuum STM (gap mode)



tetrakis(3,5-ditertiarybutylphenyl)-porphyrin (H<sub>2</sub>TBPP) on Cu(111)



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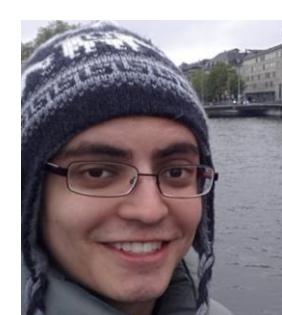
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