Adsorption of alkali and alkaline-earth atoms on Silicon Carbide Monolayer

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Graphene-like materials have attracted considerable attention from fundamental investigations to potential applications due to their intriguing structural, electronic, transport, optics and other quantum effect properties. Silicon Carbide Monolayer (SiC-M) is a material which is convenient for high device temperature and high-power applications, because of its wide band gap [1,2]. The adsorption characteristics of alkali and alkaline-earth ad-atoms on SiC-M (Figure 1) are analysed by means of firstprinciples calculations. In addition to properties, structural we calculate electronic, and magnetic properties. The investigation of the interaction of SiC-M with metal atoms has a significant importance because of its fundamental relevance to applications in hydrogen storage, catalysis, batteries, and chemical sensors.

References

- H. Sahin and F. M. Peeters, Physical Review B, 87 (2013) 085423.
- [2] H. Sahin, et al, Physical Review B, **80** (2009) 155453.

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Adatom	Site	h(Å)	E _{Ads} (eV)
Li	Т	2.43	0.89
Na	Т	2.76	0.52
K	Т	3.15	0.72
Be	Т	2.18	0.49
Mg	Т	3.18	0.18
Са	Т	3.01	0.26



Figure 1: Atomic structure of a SiC -M (5×5 supercell). The four sites of adsorption: down (D), top (T), hollow (H) and bridge (B) are shown.

Figure 2: Side and top view for characteristic adsorption geometries for alkali and alkalineearth. Cyan, yellow and pink balls represent C, Si and Alkali (Alkaline-earth) atoms, respectively.