

## Electronic Properties of Metal-Phthalocyanine-Based 2D Conjugated Covalent Organic Frameworks

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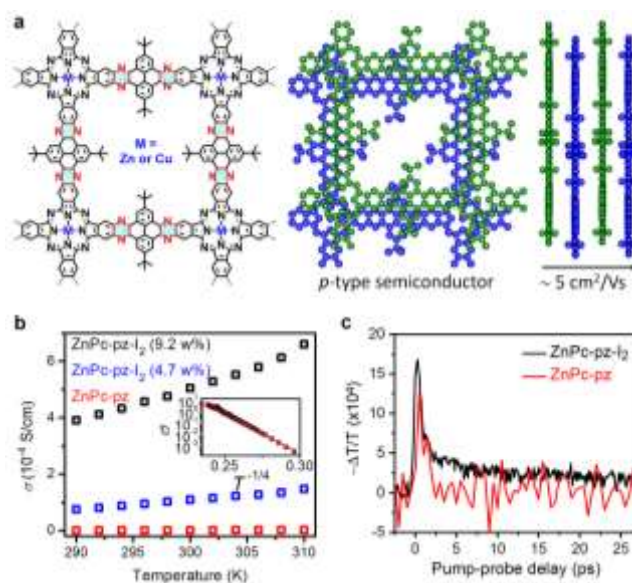
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Two-dimensional (2D) conjugated covalent organic frameworks (c-COFs) are emerging as a unique class of semiconducting 2D conjugated polymers for (opto)electronics and energy storage.<sup>[1,2]</sup> However, understanding the intricate interplay between structure and conductivity remains elusive. We have demonstrated two metal-phthalocyanine-based pyrazine-linked 2D c-COFs (MPC-pz, M = Cu or Zn) as *p*-type semiconductors with a band gap of  $\sim 1.2$  eV and charge mobility up to  $\sim 5$  cm<sup>2</sup>/(Vs).<sup>[3]</sup> Hall effect measurements and terahertz spectroscopy in combination with density functional theory calculations confirm that varying metal center from Cu to Zn has a negligible effect on the charge transport behaviors. After reversible *p*-type doping with I<sub>2</sub>, the doping-defined 2D c-COF displays enhanced conductivity by 3 orders of magnitude, due to the elevated carrier concentration.<sup>[4]</sup> Remarkably, charge mobility also increased upon doping, which can be traced to increased scattering time for free charge carriers, indicating that scattering mechanisms limiting the mobility are mitigated by doping.

### References

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### Figures



**Figure 1:** (a) Structural schematics of MPC-pz COF. (b) Variable-temperature conductivity of pristine and doped MPC-pz. (c) Terahertz spectroscopy.